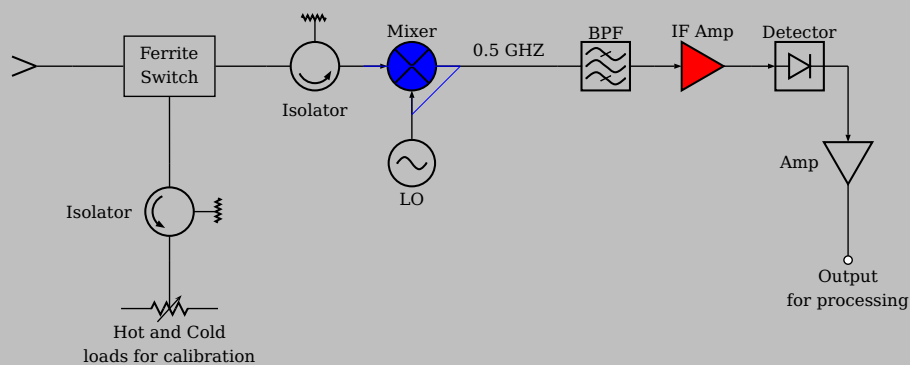


pst-circ

A PSTricks package for drawing electric circuits; v.2.03

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Package author(s):
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Contents

1	The basic system	4
1.1	Parameters	4
1.2	Macros	4
1.3	Parameters	11
1.4	Special objects	21
1.5	Examples	22
2	Microwave symbols	33
2.1	New monopole components	33
2.2	New monopole macro-components	34
2.3	New dipole macro-components	35
2.4	New tripole macro-components	38
2.5	New quadripole macro-components	39
2.6	Examples	40
3	Flip Flops – logical elements	42
3.1	The Options	42
3.2	Basic Logical Circuits	42
3.3	RS Flip Flop	47
3.4	D Flip Flop	48
3.5	JK Flip Flop	48
3.6	Other Options	48
3.7	The Node Names	49
3.8	Examples	50
4	Logical circuits in american style	52
4.1	Examples	54
5	Relay Ladder Logic	73
6	Modified default symbols	75
6.1	Dipole	75
6.2	Examples	77
7	Adding new components	78
8	List of all optional arguments for pst-circ	80
	References	90

The package `pst-circ` is a collection of graphical elements based on `PStricks` that can be used to facilitate display of electronic circuit elements. For example, an equivalent circuit of a voltage source, its source impedance, and a connected load can easily be constructed along with arrows indicating current flow and potential differences. The emphasis is upon the circuit elements and the details of the exact placement are hidden as much as possible so the author can focus on the circuitry without the distraction of sorting out the underlying vector graphics.

`pst-circ` loads by default the following packages: `pst-node`, `multido`, `pst-xkey`, and, of course `pstricks`. All should be already part of your local \TeX installation. If not, or in case of having older versions, go to <http://www.CTAN.org/> and load the newest version.

Thanks to:

Rafal Bartczuk, Christoph Bersch, François Boone, Jean-Côme Charpentier, Patrick Drechsler, Amit Finkler, Felix Gottwald, Markus Graube, Henning Heinze, Christoph Jorssen, Bernd Landwehr, Michael Lauterbach, Manuel Luque, Steven P. McPherson, Ted Pavlic, Alan Ristow, Uwe Siart, Carlos Marcelo de Oliveira Stein, Douglas Waud, and Richard Weissnar.

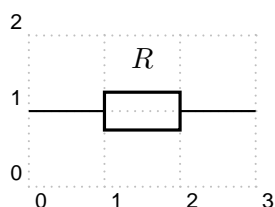
1 The basic system

1.1 Parameters

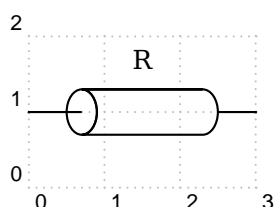
There are specific parameters defined to change easily the behaviour of the pst-circ objects you are drawing. You'll find a list in Section 8 on p. 80.

1.2 Macros

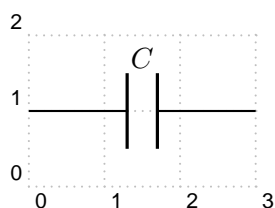
Dipole macros



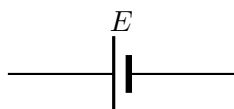
```
1 \begin{pspicture}[showgrid=true](3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \resistor(A)(B){$R$}
5 \end{pspicture}
```



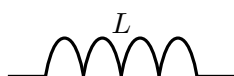
```
1 \begin{pspicture}[showgrid=true](3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \RFLine(A)(B){R}
5 \end{pspicture}
```



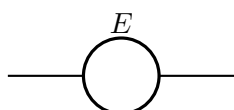
```
1 \begin{pspicture}[showgrid=true](3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \capacitor(A)(B){$C$}
5 \end{pspicture}
```



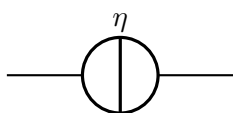
```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \battery(A)(B){$E$}
5 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \coil(A)(B){$L$}
5 \end{pspicture}
```



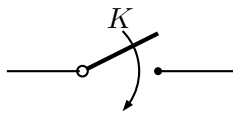
```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \Ucc(A)(B){$E$}
5 \end{pspicture}
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \Icc(A)(B){\eta}
5 \end{pspicture}

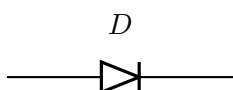
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \switch(A)(B){K}
5 \end{pspicture}

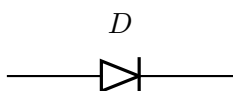
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \diode(A)(B){D}
5 \end{pspicture}

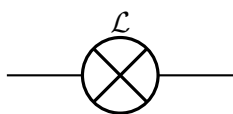
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \Zener(A)(B){D}
5 \end{pspicture}

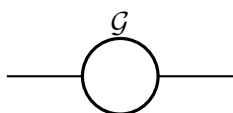
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \lamp(A)(B){\mathcal L}
5 \end{pspicture}

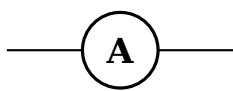
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \circledipole(A)(B){\mathcal G}
5 \end{pspicture}

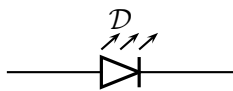
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \circledipole[labeloffset=0](A)(B){\Large\textbf{A}}
5 \end{pspicture}

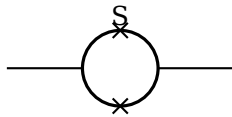
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \LED(A)(B){\mathcal D}
5 \end{pspicture}

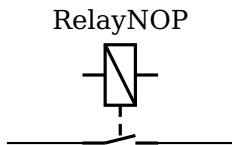
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \SQUID(A)(B){S}
5 \end{pspicture}

```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,3)
2   \pnode(0,0){A}
3   \pnode(3,0){B}% Relay normally open
4   \RelayNOP[labeloffset=1.6](A)(B){RelayNOP}
5 \end{pspicture}

```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}% Suppressor (Diode)
4   \Suppressor[labeloffset=0.5](A)(B){Suppressor}
5 \end{pspicture}

```



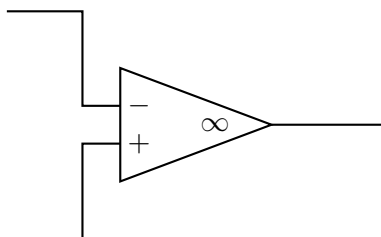
```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}% Arrestor (Lightning protection)
4   \Arrestor(A)(B){Arrestor}
5 \end{pspicture}

```

Tripole macros

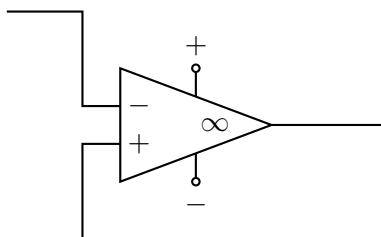
Obviously, tripoles are not node connections. So pst-circ tries its best to adjust the position of the tripole regarding the three nodes. Internally, the connections are done by the \ncangle pst-node macro. However, the auto-positionning and the auto-connections are not always well chosen, so don't try to use tripole macros in strange situations!



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2   \pnode(0,0){A}
3   \pnode(0,3){B}
4   \pnode(5,1.5){C}
5   \OA(B)(A)(C)
6 \end{pspicture}

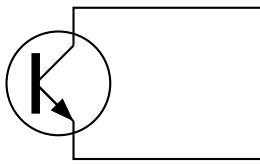
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2   \pnode(0,0){A}
3   \pnode(0,3){B}
4   \pnode(5,1.5){C}
5   \OA[0Apower=true](B)(A)(C)
6 \end{pspicture}

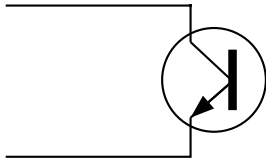
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,4)
2 \pnode(0,2){A}\pnode(3,1){B}
3 \pnode(3,3){C}
4 \transistor(A)(B)(C)
5 \end{pspicture}

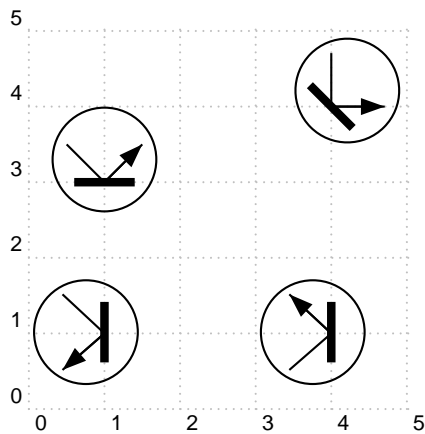
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,4)
2 \pnode(3,2){A}\pnode(0,1){B}
3 \pnode(0,3){C}
4 \transistor[TRot=180](A)(B)(C)
5 \end{pspicture}

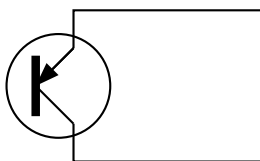
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}[showgrid=true](5,5)
2 \pnode(1,3){b}
3 \transistor[TRot=90](b){emitter}{collector}
4 \transistor[TRot=45](4,4){emitter}{collector}
5 \transistor[TRot=180](1,1){emitter}{collector}
6 \transistor[TRot=180,transistorinvert=true]
7   (4,1){emitter}{collector}
8 \end{pspicture}

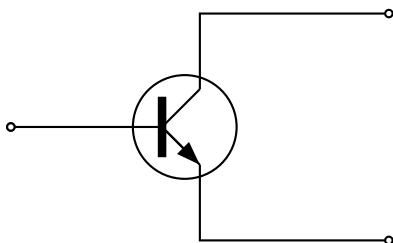
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,4)
2 \pnode(0,2){A}\pnode(3,1){B}
3 \pnode(3,3){C}
4 \transistor[transistortype=PNP](A)(B)(C)
5 \end{pspicture}

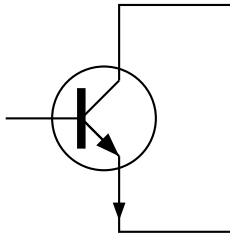
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2 \pnode(0,1.5){A}
3 \pnode(5,0){B}
4 \pnode(5,3){C}
5 \transistor[basesep=2cm,arrows=o-o](A)(B)(C)
6 \end{pspicture}

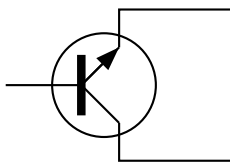
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,4)
2 \pnode(0,2){A}\pnode(3,0.5){B}
3 \pnode(3,3.5){C}
4 \transistor[transistoriemitter=true,
5   basesep=1cm](A)(B)(C)
6 \end{pspicture}

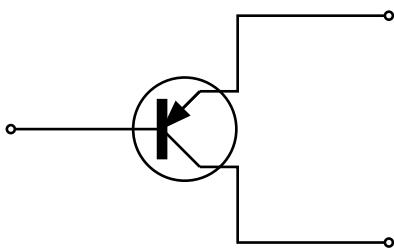
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,4)
2 \pnode(0,2){A}\pnode(3,1){B}
3 \pnode(3,3){C}
4 \transistor[transistorinvert,
5   basesep=1cm](A)(B)(C)
6 \end{pspicture}

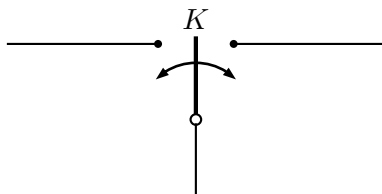
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2 \pnode(0,1.5){A}\psset{linewidth=1pt}
3 \transistor[transistortype=PNP,basesep=2cm,
4   arrows=o-o](A){Emitter}{Collector}
5 \psline{o-}(5,3)(3,3)(3,3|Collector)(Collector)
6 \psline{o-}(5,0)(3,0)(3,3|Emitter)(Emitter)
7 \psline{o-}(A)([nodesep=2]A)
8 \end{pspicture}

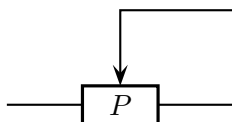
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,2)
2 \pnode(0,2){A}
3 \pnode(5,2){B}
4 \pnode(0,0){C}
5 \Tswitch(A)(B)(C){$K$}
6 \end{pspicture}

```

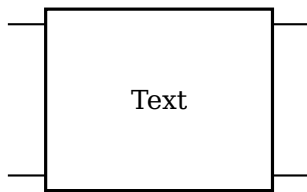


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,3)
2 \pnode(0,1){A}
3 \pnode(3,1){B}
4 \pnode(3,2.25){C}
5 \potentiometer[labeloffset=0pt](A)(B)(C){$P$}
6 \end{pspicture}

```

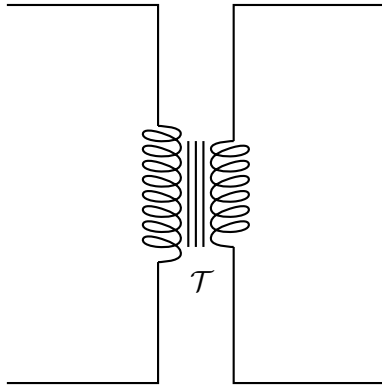

Quadrupole macros



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2   \pnode(0,2.5){A}
3   \pnode(0,0.5){B}
4   \pnode(4,2.5){C}
5   \pnode(4,0.5){D}
6   \quadrupole(A)(B)(C)(D){Text}
7 \end{pspicture}

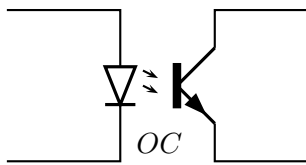
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,5)
2   \pnode(0,5){A}
3   \pnode(0,0){B}
4   \pnode(5,5){C}
5   \pnode(5,0){D}
6   \transformer(A)(B)(C)(D){\mathcal T}
7 \end{pspicture}

```



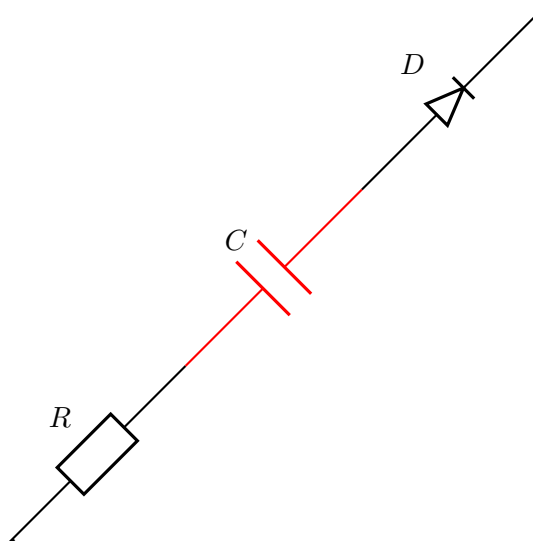
```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2   \pnode(0,2.5){A}
3   \pnode(0,0.5){B}
4   \pnode(4,2.5){C}
5   \pnode(4,0.5){D}
6   \optocoupler(A)(B)(C)(D){$OC$}
7 \end{pspicture}

```

Multidipole

`\multidipole` is a macro that allows multiple dipoles to be drawn between two specified nodes. `\multidipole` takes as many arguments as you want. Note the dot that is after the last dipole.



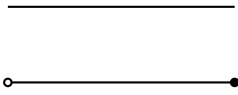
```

\begin{pspicture}(7,7)
  \pnode(0,0){A}
  \pnode(7,7){B}
  \multidipole(A)(B)\resistor{$R$}%
    \capacitor[linecolor=red]{$C$}%
    \diode{$D$}{.}
\end{pspicture}

```

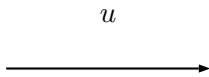
Important: for the time being, `\multidipole` takes optional arguments but does not restore original values. We recommend not using it.

Wire



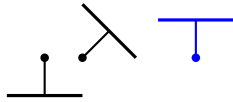
```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2 \pnode(0,1){A}\pnode(3,1){B}\wire(A)(B)
3 \pnode(0,0){A}\pnode(3,0){B}\wire[arrows=o-*](A)(B)
4 \end{pspicture}
```

Potential



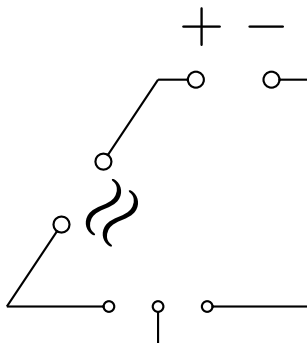
```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2 \pnode(0,1){A}
3 \pnode(3,1){B}
4 \tension(A)(B){$u$}
5 \end{pspicture}
```

ground



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2 \pnode(0.5,1){A}
3 \pnode(1,1){B}
4 \pnode(2.5,1){C}
5 \ground(A)
6 \ground{135}(B)
7 \ground[linecolor=blue]{180}(C)
8 \end{pspicture}
```

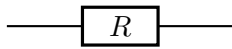
Open dipol and open tripol



```
1 \def\Wave{\psscalebox{3}{\approx$}}
2 \def\PM{\psscalebox{2}{$+\,, - $}}
3 \begin{pspicture}(4,3)
4 \pnode(0,0){A}\pnode(2,3){B}\pnode(4,3){C}
5 \pnode(4,0){D}
6 \OpenDipol[radius=3pt,labelangle=U,
7   labeloffset=-0.5](A)(B){\Wave}
8 \OpenDipol[radius=3pt,labelangle=U](B)(C){\PM}
9 \OpenTripol(A)(D){}
10 \end{pspicture}
```

1.3 Parameters

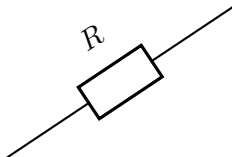
Label parameters



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,1)
2   \pnode(0,.5){A}
3   \pnode(3,.5){B}
4   \resistor[labeloffset=0](A)(B){$R$}
5 \end{pspicture}

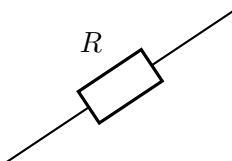
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,0){A}
3   \pnode(3,2){B}
4   \resistor[labelangle=:U](A)(B){$R$}
5 \end{pspicture}

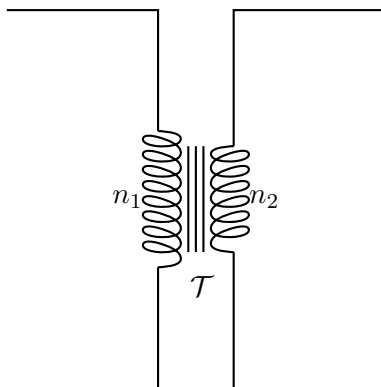
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,0){A}
3   \pnode(3,2){B}
4   \resistor[labelangle=0](A)(B){$R$}
5 \end{pspicture}

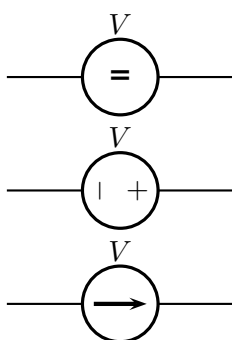
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,5)
2   \pnode(0,5){A}
3   \pnode(0,0){B}
4   \pnode(5,5){C}
5   \pnode(5,0){D}
6   \transformer[primarylabel=$n_1$,
7     secondarylabel=$n_2$](A)(B)(C)(D){$\mathcal{T}$}
8 \end{pspicture}

```



```

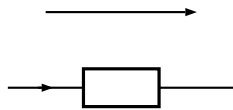
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,4.5)
2   \pnode(0,.5){A}
3   \pnode(3,.5){B}
4   \Ucc[labelInside=1](A)(B){$V$}
5   \pnode(0,2){A}
6   \pnode(3,2){B}
7   \Ucc[labelInside=2](A)(B){$V$}
8   \pnode(0,3.5){A}
9   \pnode(3,3.5){B}
10  \Ucc[labelInside=3](A)(B){$V$}
11 \end{pspicture}

```

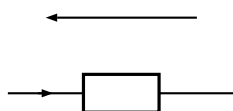
Current intensity and electrical potential parameters

If the intensity parameter is set to true, an arrow is drawn on the wire connecting one of the nodes to the dipole. If the tension parameter is set to true, an arrow is drawn parallel to the dipole.

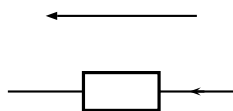
The way those arrows are drawn is set by `dipoleconvention` and `directconvention` parameters. `dipoleconvention` can take two values : generator or receptor. `directconvention` is a boolean.



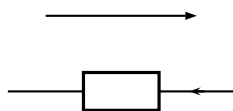
```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,.5){A}
3   \pnode(3,.5){B}
4   \resistor[intensity,tension](A)(B){}
5 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,.5){A}
3   \pnode(3,.5){B}
4   \resistor[intensity,tension,
5     dipoleconvention=generator](A)(B){}
6 \end{pspicture}
```

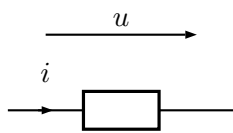


```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,.5){A}
3   \pnode(3,.5){B}
4   \resistor[intensity,tension,
5     directconvention=false](A)(B){}
6 \end{pspicture}
```

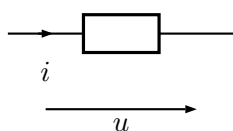


```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,.5){A}
3   \pnode(3,.5){B}
4   \resistor[intensity,tension,
5     dipoleconvention=generator,directconvention=false](A)(B){}
6 \end{pspicture}
```

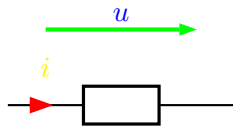
If `intensitylabel` is set to a non empty argument, then `intensity` is automatically set to true. If `tensionlabel` is set to a non empty argument, then `tension` is automatically set to true.



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,.5){A}
3   \pnode(3,.5){B}
4   \resistor[intensitylabel=$i$,tensionlabel=$u$](A)(B){}
5 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1.5){A}
3   \pnode(3,1.5){B}
4   \resistor[intensitylabel=$i$,intensitylabeloffset=-0.5,
5     tensionlabel=$u$,tensionlabeloffset=-1.2,
6     tensionoffset=-1](A)(B){}
7 \end{pspicture}
```

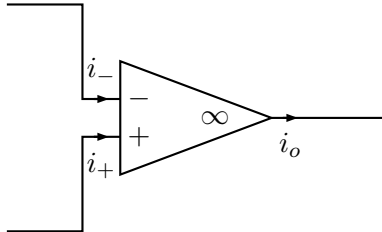


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,.5){A}
3   \pnode(3,.5){B}
4   \resistor[intensitylabel=$i$,intensitywidth=3\pslinewidth,
5     intensitycolor=red,intensitylabelcolor=yellow,
6     tensionlabel=$u$,tensionwidth=2\pslinewidth,
7     tensioncolor=green,tensionlabelcolor=blue](A)(B){}
8 \end{pspicture}

```

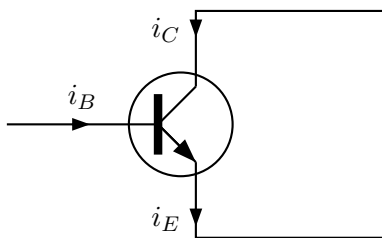
Some specific intensity parameters are available for tripoles and quadrupoles.



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2   \pnode(0,0){A}
3   \pnode(0,3){B}
4   \pnode(5,1.5){C}
5   \OA[OAipluslabel=$i_+$,
6     OAiminuslabel=$i_- $,
7     OAioutlabel=$i_o$](B)(A)(C)
8 \end{pspicture}

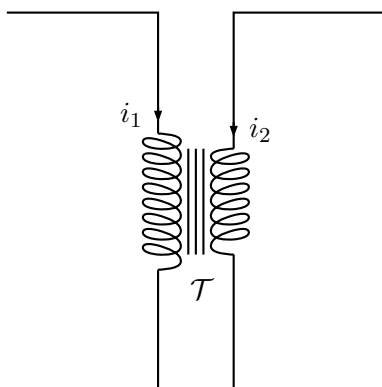
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2   \pnode(0,1.5){A}
3   \pnode(5,0){B}
4   \pnode(5,3){C}
5   \transistor[basesep=2cm,transistoribaselabel=$i_B$,
6     transistoricollectorlabel=$i_C$,
7     transistoriemitterlabel=$i_E$](A)(B)(C)
8 \end{pspicture}

```



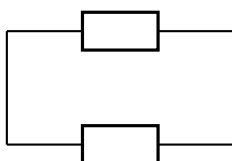
```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,5)
2   \pnode(0,5){A}
3   \pnode(0,0){B}
4   \pnode(5,5){C}
5   \pnode(5,0){D}
6   \transformer[transformeriprimarylabel=$i_1$,
7     transformerissecondarylabel=$i_2$]%
8   (A)(B)(C)(D){$\mathcal{T}$}
9 \end{pspicture}

```

Parallel parameters

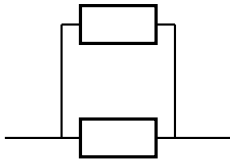
If the parallel parameter is set to true, the dipole is drawn parallel to the line connecting the nodes.



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,3)
2   \pnode(0,.5){A}
3   \pnode(3,.5){B}
4   \resistor(A)(B){}
5   \resistor[parallel](A)(B){}
6 \end{pspicture}

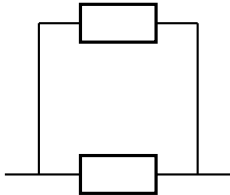
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,3)
2   \pnode(0,.5){A}
3   \pnode(3,.5){B}
4   \resistor(A)(B){}
5   \resistor[parallel,parallelsep=.5](A)(B){}
6 \end{pspicture}

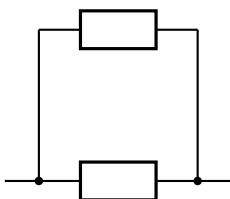
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,3)
2   \pnode(0,.5){A}
3   \pnode(3,.5){B}
4   \resistor(A)(B){}
5   \resistor[parallel,parallelsep=.3,
6     parallelarm=2](A)(B){}
7 \end{pspicture}

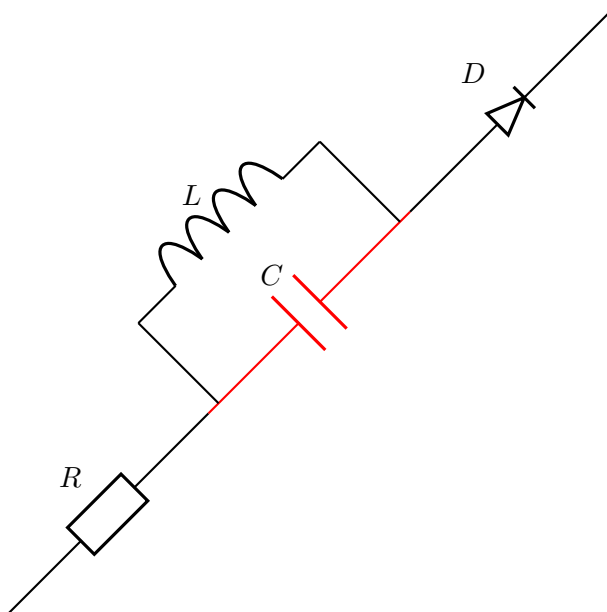
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,3)
2   \pnode(0,.5){A}
3   \pnode(3,.5){B}
4   \resistor(A)(B){}
5   \resistor[parallel,parallelsep=.3,
6     parallelarm=2,parallelnode](A)(B){}
7 \end{pspicture}

```



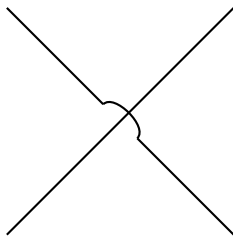
```

1 \begin{pspicture}(8,8)
2   \pnode(0,0){A}
3   \pnode(8,8){B}
4   \multidipole(A)(B)\resistor{$R$}%
5     \capacitor[linecolor=red]{$C$}%
6     \coil[parallel,parallelsep=.1]{$
7       L$}%
8     \diode{$D$}.
9 \end{pspicture}

```

Note: When used with `\multidipole`, the `parallel` parameter must not be set for the first dipole.

Wire intersections

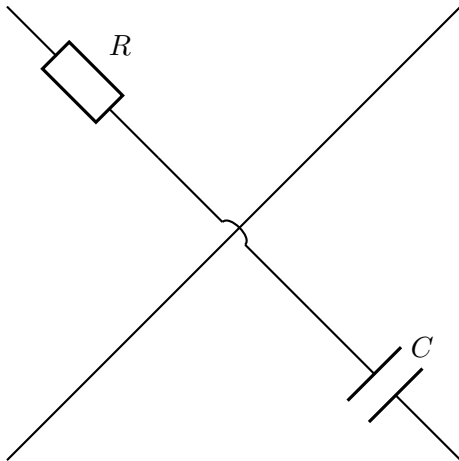


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,3)
2   \pnode(0,0){A}
3   \pnode(3,3){B}
4   \pnode(0,3){C}
5   \pnode(3,0){D}
6   \wire(A)(B)
7   \wire[intersect,intersectA=A,intersectB=B](C)(D)
8 \end{pspicture}

```

Wire intersect parameters work also with `\multidipole`.

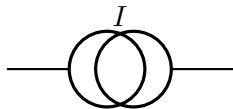


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(7,7)
2   \pnode(0,0){A}
3   \pnode(6,6){B}
4   \pnode(0,6){C}
5   \pnode(6,0){D}
6   \wire(A)(B)
7   \multidipole(C)(D)\resistor{$R$}%
8     \wire[intersect,intersectA=A,intersectB=B]%
9       \capacitor{$C$}.
10 \end{pspicture}

```

Dipole style parameters



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \Icc[dipolestyle=twoCircles](A)(B){$I$}
5 \end{pspicture}

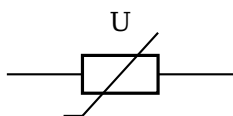
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \resistor[dipolestyle=zigzag](A)(B){$R$}
5 \end{pspicture}

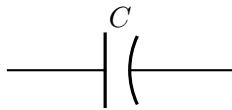
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \resistor[dipolestyle=varistor](A)(B){$U$}
5 \end{pspicture}

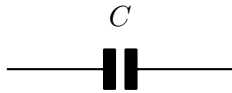
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \capacitor[dipolestyle=chemical](A)(B){$C$}
5 \end{pspicture}

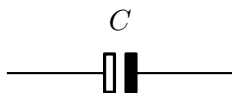
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \capacitor[dipolestyle=elektor](A)(B){$C$}
5 \end{pspicture}

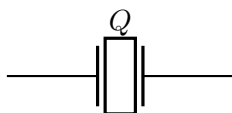
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \capacitor[dipolestyle=elektorchemical](A)(B){$C$}
5 \end{pspicture}

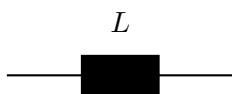
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \capacitor[dipolestyle=crystal](A)(B){$Q$}
5 \end{pspicture}

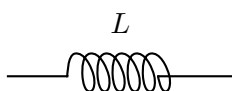
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \coil[dipolestyle=rectangle](A)(B){$L$}
5 \end{pspicture}

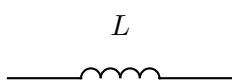
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \coil[dipolestyle=curved](A)(B){$L$}
5 \end{pspicture}

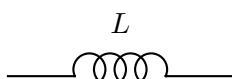
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \coil[dipolestyle=elektor](A)(B){$L$}
5 \end{pspicture}

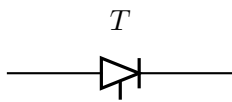
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \coil[dipolestyle=elektorcurved](A)(B){$L$}
5 \end{pspicture}

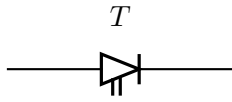
```

```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \diode[dipolestyle=thyristor](A)(B){$T$}
5 \end{pspicture}

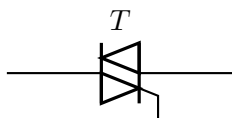
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \diode[dipolestyle=GT0](A)(B){$T$}
5 \end{pspicture}

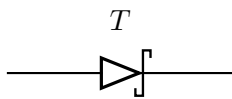
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \diode[dipolestyle=triac](A)(B){$T$}
5 \end{pspicture}

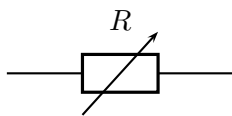
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \diode[dipolestyle=schottky](A)(B){$T$}
5 \end{pspicture}

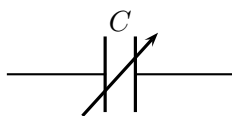
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \resistor[variable](A)(B){$R$}
5 \end{pspicture}

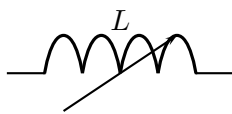
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \capacitor[variable](A)(B){$C$}
5 \end{pspicture}

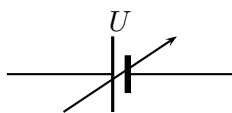
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \coil[variable](A)(B){$L$}
5 \end{pspicture}

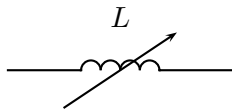
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \battery[variable](A)(B){$U$}
5 \end{pspicture}

```

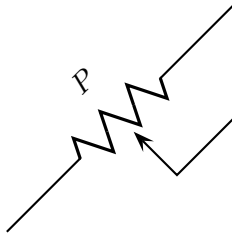


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \coil[dipolestyle=elektor,variable](A)(B){$L$}
5 \end{pspicture}

```

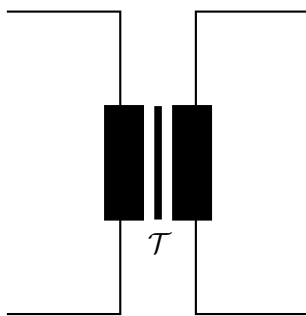
In the following example the parameter `dipolestyle` is used for a tripole and quadrupole, because the coils are drawn as rectangles and the resistor as a zigzag.



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,3)
2   \pnode(0,0){A}
3   \pnode(3,3){B}
4   \pnode(3,1.5){C}
5   \potentiometer[dipolestyle=zigzag,%
6     labelangle=:U](A)(B)(C){$P$}
7 \end{pspicture}

```

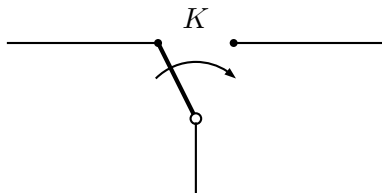


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(4,4)
2   \pnode(0,4){A}
3   \pnode(0,0){B}
4   \pnode(4,4){C}
5   \pnode(4,0){D}
6   \transformer[dipolestyle=rectangle](A)(B)(C)(D){$\mathcal{
7   T$}
8 \end{pspicture}

```

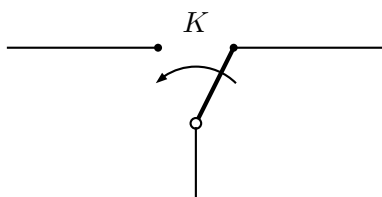
Tripole style parameters



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2   \pnode(0,2){A}
3   \pnode(5,2){B}
4   \pnode(0,0){C}
5   \Tswitch[tripolestyle=left](A)(B)(C){$K$}
6 \end{pspicture}

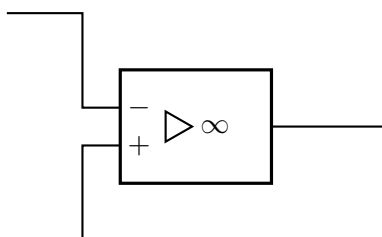
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2   \pnode(0,2){A}
3   \pnode(5,2){B}
4   \pnode(0,0){C}
5   \Tswitch[tripolestyle=right](A)(B)(C){$K$}
6 \end{pspicture}

```

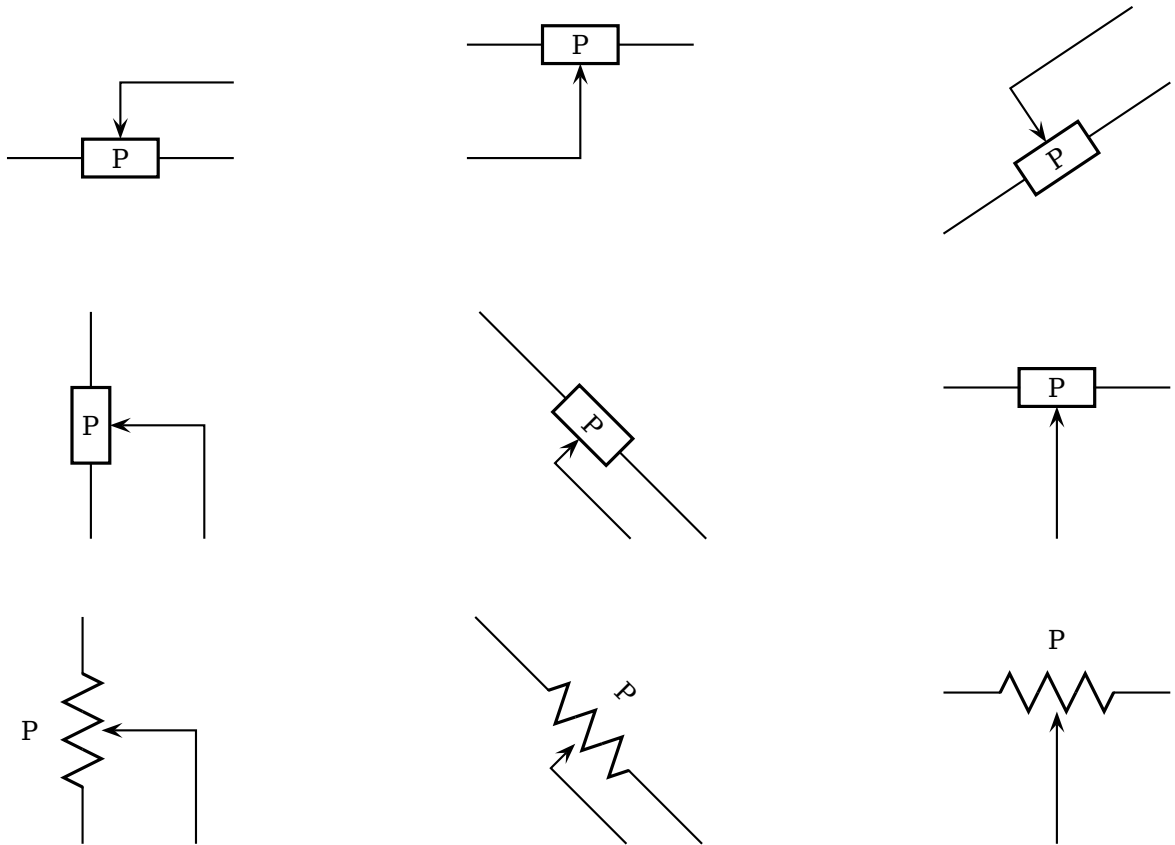


```

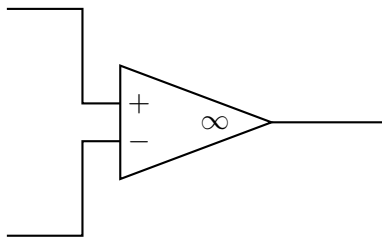
1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2   \pnode(0,3){A}
3   \pnode(0,0){B}
4   \pnode(5,1.5){C}
5   \OA[tripolestyle=french](A)(B)(C)
6 \end{pspicture}

```

Potentiometer tripole



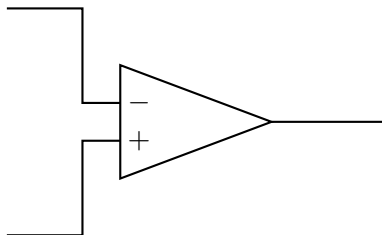
Other Parameters



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2   \pnode(0,0){A}
3   \pnode(0,3){B}
4   \pnode(5,1.5){C}
5   \OA[OAinvert=false](B)(A)(C)
6 \end{pspicture}

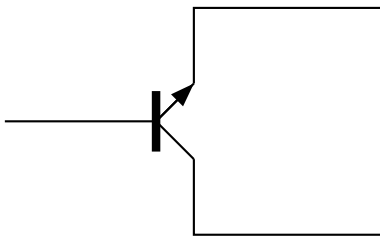
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2   \pnode(0,0){A}
3   \pnode(0,3){B}
4   \pnode(5,1.5){C}
5   \OA[OAperfect=false](B)(A)(C)
6 \end{pspicture}

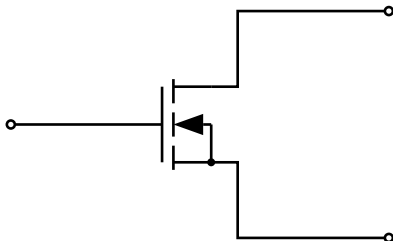
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2   \pnode(0,1.5){A}
3   \pnode(5,0){B}
4   \pnode(5,3){C}
5   \transistor[basesep=2cm,%
6     transistorinvert,transistorcircle=false](A)(B)(C)
7 \end{pspicture}

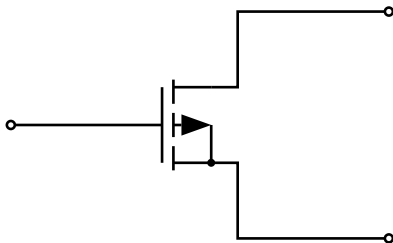
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2   \pnode(0,1.5){A}\psset{linewidth=1pt}
3   \transistor[basesep=2cm,arrows=o-o,
4     transistortype=FET](A){Emitter}{Collector}
5   \psline{o-}(5,3)(3,3)(3,3|Collector)(Collector)
6   \psline{o-}(5,0)(3,0)(3,3|Emitter)(Emitter)
7   \psline{o-}(A)([nodesep=2]A)
8 \end{pspicture}

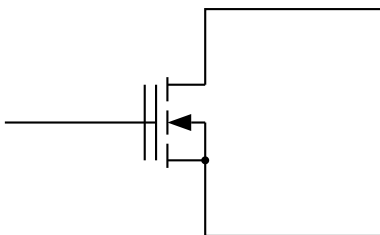
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2   \pnode(0,1.5){A}\psset{linewidth=1pt}
3   \transistor[basesep=2cm,arrows=o-o,
4     transistortype=FET,
5     FETchanneltype=P](A){Emitter}{Collector}
6   \psline{o-}(5,3)(3,3)(3,3|Collector)(Collector)
7   \psline{o-}(5,0)(3,0)(3,3|Emitter)(Emitter)
8   \psline{o-}(A)([nodesep=2]A)
9 \end{pspicture}

```



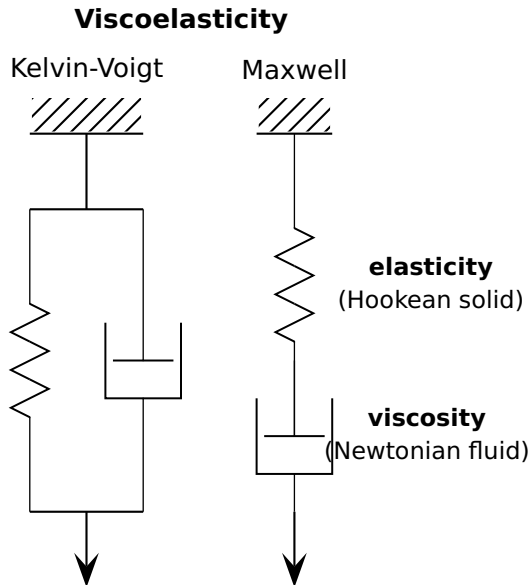
```

1 \begin{pspicture}(5,3)
2 \transistor[basesep=2cm,transistortype=FET,
3   FETmemory=true](0,1.5)(5,0)(5,3)
4 \end{pspicture}

```

1.4 Special objects

\dashpot

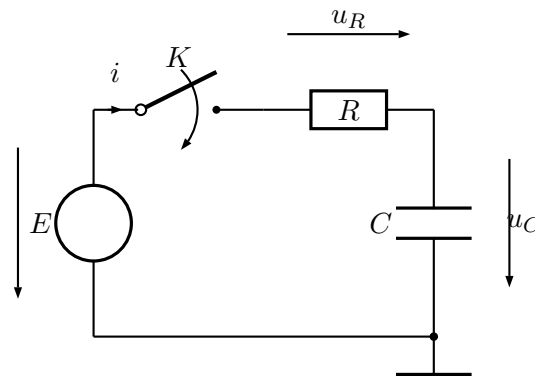


```

1 \newcommand*\pswall[3]{% ll ur lr
2   \psframe[linecolor=white,fillstyle=hlines,hatchcolor=black](#1)(#2)% (ll)(ur)
3   \psline[linecolor=black](#1)(#3)}
4 \begin{pspicture}(0.5,1)(8,10)
5   \rput(3,9.5){\sffamily \textbf{Viscoelasticity}}
6   % Kelvin-Voigt model (spring and dashpot parallel): =====
7   \rput[c](1.75,8.85){\sffamily Kelvin-Voigt}
8   \pswall{1,8}{2.5,8.5}{2.5,8}% top
9   \psline(1.75,8)(1.75,7)% top vertical line
10  % node definitions:
11  \pnode(1,7){ul1}\pnode(2.5,7){ur1} \pnode(1,3){ll1}\pnode(2.5,3){lr1}%
12  \psline(ul1)(ur1)% top line
13  \psline(ll1)(lr1)% bottom line
14  \resistor[dipolestyle=zigzag,linewidth=0.5pt](ul1)(ll1){}% spring
15  \dashpot[linewidth=0.5pt](ur1)(lr1){}% dashpot
16  \psline[arrowscale=3]{->}(1.75,3)(1.75,2)% force
17  % Maxwell model (spring and dashpot serial): =====
18  \rput[c](4.5,8.85){\sffamily Maxwell}
19  \pswall{4,8}{5,8.5}{5,8}% top
20  \pnode(4.5,8){t}\pnode(4.5,4){b}% node definitions
21  \resistor[dipolestyle=zigzag,linewidth=0.5pt,labeloffset=1.8](t)(b)% spring
22  {\sffamily\small\begin{tabular}{c}\textbf{elasticity}\\(Hookean solid)\end{tabular}}%
    end spring
23  \dashpot[linewidth=0.5pt,labeloffset=1.8](4.5,5)(4.5,3)% dashpot
24  {\sffamily\small\begin{tabular}{c}\textbf{viscosity}\\(Newtonian fluid)\end{tabular}}%
    end dashpot
25  }% end dashpot
26  \psline[arrowscale=3]{->}(4.5,3)(4.5,2)% force
27 \end{pspicture}

```

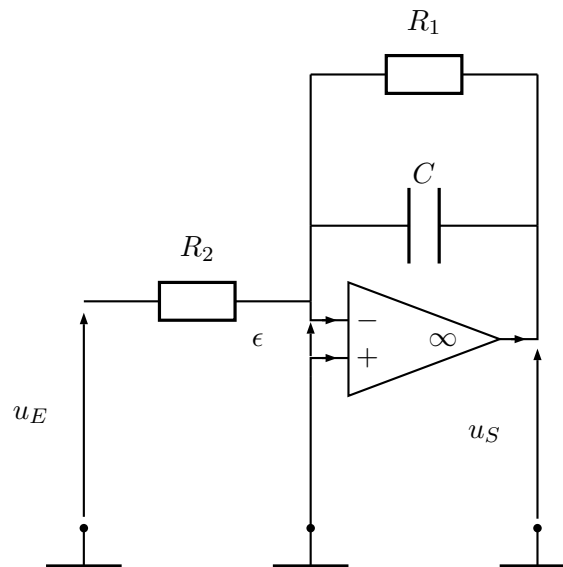
1.5 Examples



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1.5,-1)(6,5)
2 % [subgriddiv=1,griddots=10]
3 % Node definitions
4 \node(0,0){A}
5 \node(0,3){B}
6 \node(4.5,3){C}
7 \node(4.5,0){D}
8 % Dipole node connection
9 \Ucc[tension,dipoleconvention=generator](A)(B){$E$}
10 \multidipole(B)(C)%
11 \switch[intensitylabel=$i$]{$K$}%
12 \resistor[labeloffset=0,tensionlabel=$u_R$]{$R$}.
13 \capacitor[tensionlabel={$u_C$},
14   tensionlabeloffset=-1.2,tensionoffset=-1,
15   directconvention=false](D)(C){$C$}
16 % Wire to complete circuit
17 \wire(A)(D)
18 % Ground
19 \ground(D)
20 \end{pspicture}

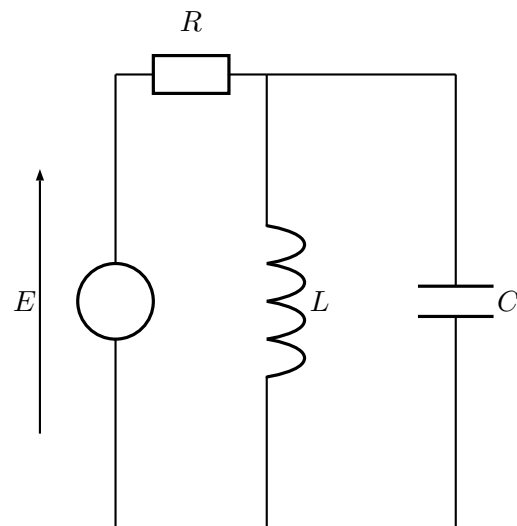
```



```

1  \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(7,8)
2  % [subgriddiv=1,griddots=10]
3  % Node definitions
4  \node(0.5,1){A}
5  \node(3.5,1){B}
6  \node(6.5,1){C}
7  \node(0.5,4){D}
8  \node(3.5,4){Minus}
9  \node(3.5,3){Plus}
10 \node(6.5,5){S}
11 \node(3.5,5){E}
12 % Dipole node connections
13 \resistor(D)(Minus){$R_2$}
14 \capacitor(E)(S){$C$}
15 \resistor[parallel,parallelarm=2](E)(S){$R_1$}
16 \OA[intensity](Minus)(Plus)(S)
17 % Wires
18 \wire(Minus)(E)
19 \wire(Plus)(B)
20 % Tensions
21 \tension(A)(D){$u_E$}
22 \makeatletter % (special tricks see below)
23 \tension(C)(S@@){$u_S$}
24 \tension[linecolor=blue](Plus@@)(Minus@@){$\epsilon$}
25 \makeatother
26 % Grounds
27 \ground(A)
28 \ground(B)
29 \ground(C)
30 \end{pspicture}

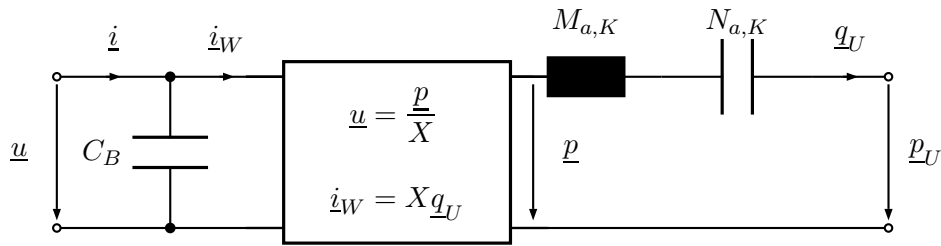
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,0)(7,8)
2 % [subgriddiv=1,griddots=10]
3 % Node definitions
4 \pnode(1,1){A}
5 \pnode(1,7){B}
6 \pnode(3,1){C}
7 \pnode(3,7){D}
8 % Dipole node connections
9 \Ucc[tensionlabel=$E$](A)(B){}
10 \resistor(B)(D){$R$}
11 \coil(D)(C){$L$}
12 \capacitor[parallel,parallelarm=2.5](D)(C){$C$}
13 % Wire
14 \wire(A)(C)
15 \end{pspicture}

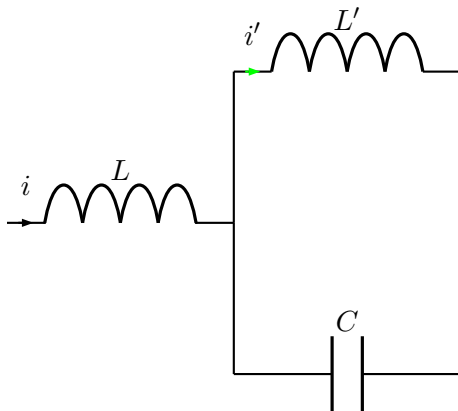
```

```

1 % \usepackage{amsmath} % example by Markus Graube
2 \begin{pspicture}(0,.5)(13,4)
3   \pnode(1,1){I_U} \pnode(1,3){I_0} \pnode(2.5,1){C} \pnode(2.5,3){D}
4   \pnode(4,1){K_LU} \pnode(4,3){K_LO} \pnode(7,1){K_RU} \pnode(7,3){K_RO}
5   \pnode(9,3){E} \pnode(7.3,3){K_R01} \pnode(7.3,1){K_RU1} \pnode(11,3){F}
6   \pnode(12,1){O_U} \pnode(12,3){O_0}
7   \tension[labeloffset=-0.5](I_0)(I_U){$\underline{u}$}
8   \wire[arrows=o-](I_U)(C)
9   \wire[intensitylabel=$\underline{i}$, arrows=o-](I_0)(D)
10  \capacitor[labeloffset=.9](C)(D){$C_B$}
11  \qdisk(C){2pt} \qdisk(D){2pt}
12  \wire(C)(K_LU)
13  \wire[intensitylabel=$\underline{i}_W$](D)(K_LO)
14  \quadripole(K_LO)(K_LU)(K_RO)(K_RU){\parbox{3cm}{%
15    \begin{align*}
16      \underline{u} &= \frac{\underline{p}}{X} \\
17      \underline{i}_W &= X \underline{q}_U
18    \end{align*}}
19  \wire(K_RO)(K_RU1)
20  \tension[labeloffset=0.5](K_RU1)(K_RU){$\underline{p}$}
21  \coil[dipolestyle=rectangle](K_RO)(E){$M_{a,K}$}
22  \capacitor(E)(F){$N_{a,K}$}
23  \wire[intensitylabel=$\underline{q}_U$, arrows=-o](F)(O_0)
24  \wire[arrows=-o](K_RU)(O_U)
25  \tension[labeloffset=0.5](O_0)(O_U){$\underline{p}_U$}
26 \end{pspicture}

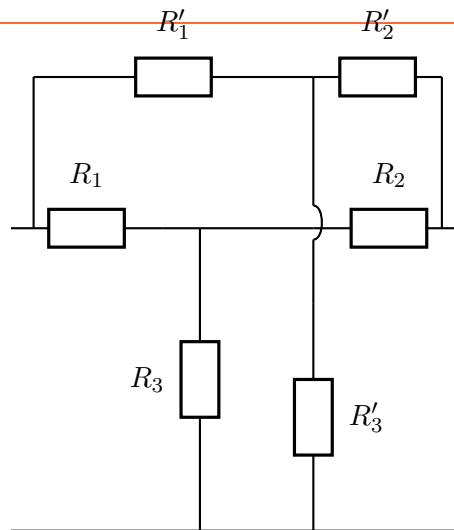
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.25,-0.25)
2   (6,6)
3 % [subgriddiv=1,griddots=10]
4 % Node definitions
5 \pnode(0,3){A}
6 \pnode(3,3){B}
7 \pnode(6,3){C}
8 % Dipole node connections
9 \coil[intensitylabel=$i$,
10   intensitycolor=green,%
11   parallel,parallelarm=2](B)(C){$L$}
12 \capacitor[parallel,parallelarm
13   =-2](B)(C){$C$}
14 \end{pspicture}

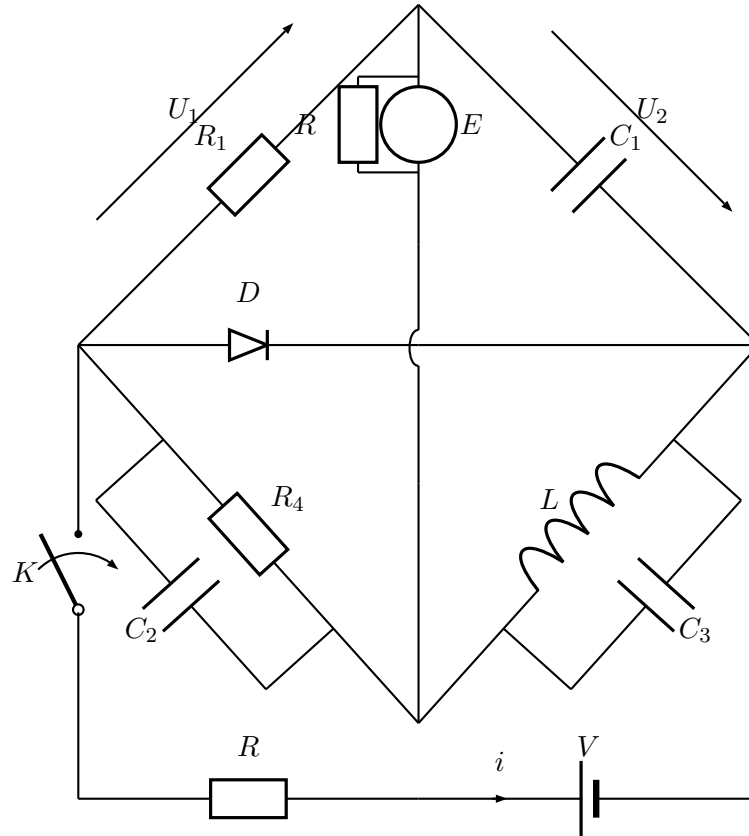
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(6,6)
2 % [subgriddiv=1,griddots=10]
3 % Node definitions
4 \pnode(0,0){A}\pnode(6,0){B}
5 \pnode(0.3,4){Cprime}\pnode(5.7,4){Dprime}
6 \pnode(2.5,4){Gprime}\pnode(2.5,0){Hprime}
7 \pnode(0,4){C}\pnode(6,4){D}
8 \pnode(0.3,6){E}\pnode(5.7,6){F}
9 \pnode(4,6){G}\pnode(4,0){H}
10 \multidipole(G)(H)%
11 \wire[intersect,
12   intersectA=C,intersectB=D]
13 \resistor{$R'_3$}.
14 \resistor(E)(G){$R'_1$}
15 \resistor(G)(F){$R'_2$}
16 \multidipole(C)(D)\resistor{$R_1$}%
17 \wire\resistor{$R_2$}.
18 \wire(A)(B)\wire(Cprime)(E)
19 \wire(Dprime)(F)
20 \resistor(Hprime)(Gprime){$R_3$}
21 \end{pspicture}

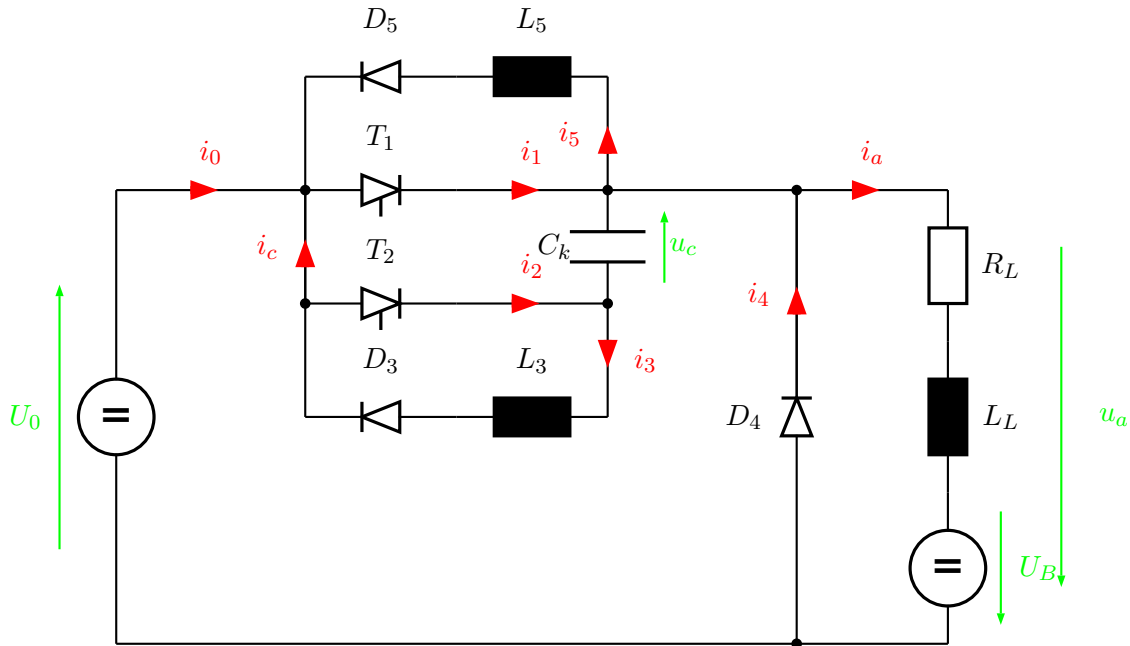
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(0,-0.25)(9,11)
2 % Node definitions
3 \pnode(0,0){A}\pnode(9,0){B}\pnode(0,6){C}\pnode(9,6){D}\pnode(4.5,1){E}\pnode
  (4.5,10.5){F}
4 %
5 \switch(A)(C){$K$}
6 \multidipole(A)(B)\resistor{$R$}\battery[intensitylabel=$i$]{$V$}.
7 \wire(B)(D)
8 \multidipole(C)(D)\diode{$D$}\wire.
9 \resistor[tensionlabel=$U_1$](C)(F){$R_1$} \resistor(C)(E){$R_4$}
10 \capacitor[parallel,parallelarm=1.2,parallese=1.5](C)(E){$C_2$}
11 \coil(E)(D){$L$}
12 \capacitor[parallel,parallelarm=1.2,parallese=1.5](E)(D){$C_3$}
13 \capacitor[tensionlabel=$U_2$](F)(D){$C_1$}
14 \multidipole(E)(F)\wire\wire[intersect,intersectA=C,intersectB=D]%
15 \circledipole[labeloffset=-0.7]{$E$}%
16 \resistor[parallel,parallelarm=.6,parallelarm=.8]{$R$}.
17 \end{pspicture}

```

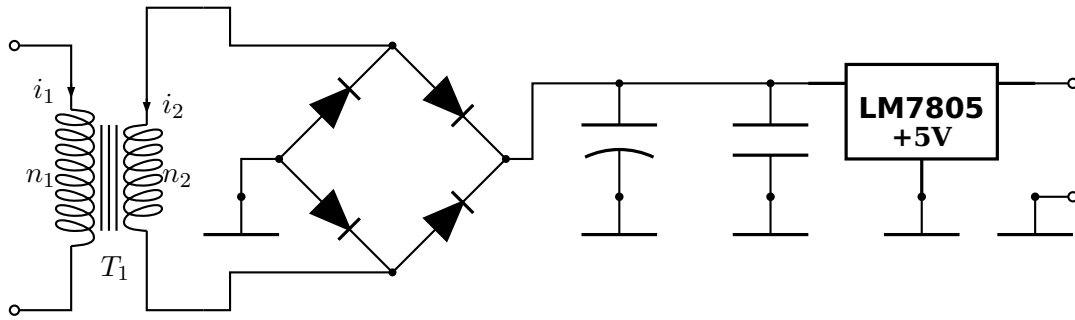


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(0,-0.2)(13,8)
2   \psset{intensitycolor=red,intensitylabelcolor=red,tensioncolor=green,
3     tensionlabelcolor=green,intensitywidth=3pt}
4   \circledipole[tension,tensionlabel=$U_0$,
5     tensionoffset=0.75,labeloffset=0](0,0)(0,6){\LARGE\textbf{=}}
6   \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_0$](0,6)(2.5,6)
7   \diode[dipolestyle=thyristor](2.5,6)(4.5,6){$T_1$}
8   \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_1$](4.5,6)(6.5,6)
9   \multidipole(6.5,7.5)(2.5,7.5)%
10    \coil[dipolestyle=rectangle,labeloffset=-0.75]{$L_5$}%
11    \diode[labeloffset=-0.75]{$D_5$}.
12   \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_5$](6.5,6)(6.5,7.5)
13   \wire(2.5,7.5)(2.5,3)
14   \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_c$](2.5,4.5)(2.5,6)
15   \qdisk(2.5,6){2pt}\qdisk(6.5,6){2pt}
16   \diode[dipolestyle=thyristor](2.5,4.5)(4.5,4.5){$T_2$}
17   \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_2$](4.5,4.5)(6.5,4.5)
18   \capacitor[tension,tensionlabel=$u_c$,tensionoffset=-0.75,
19     tensionlabeloffset=-1](6.5,4.5)(6.5,6){$C_k$}
20   \qdisk(2.5,4.5){2pt}\qdisk(6.5,4.5){2pt}
21   \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_3$](6.5,4.5)(6.5,3)
22   \multidipole(6.5,3)(2.5,3)%
23    \coil[dipolestyle=rectangle,labeloffset=-0.75]{$L_3$}%
24    \diode[labeloffset=-0.75]{$D_3$}.
25   \wire(6.5,6)(9,6)\qdisk(9,6){2pt}
26   \diode(9,0)(9,6){$D_4$}
27   \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_4$](9,3.25)(9,6)
28   \wire[intensity,intensitylabel=$i_a$](9,6)(11,6)
29   \multidipole(11,6)(11,0)%
30    \resistor{$R_L$}
31    \coil[dipolestyle=rectangle]{$L_L$}
32    \circledipole[labeloffset=0,tension,tensionoffset=0.7,tensionlabel=$U_B$]{\LARGE\textbf{=}}.
33   \wire(0,0)(11,0)\qdisk(9,0){2pt}
34   \pnode(12.5,5.5){A}\pnode(12.5,0.5){B}
35   \tension(A)(B){$u_a$}
36 \end{pspicture}

```

The following example was written by Manuel Luque.

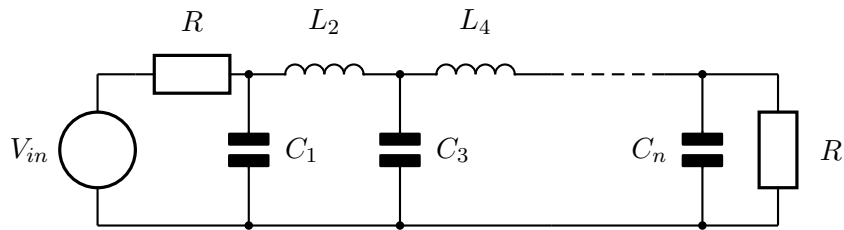


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(0,-0.5)(14,4)
2 % [subgriddiv=1,griddots=10]
3 \pnode(0,-0.50){B}\pnode(0,3){A}
4 \pnode(2.5,3.5){C}\pnode(2.5,-0.5){D}\pnode(5,3){E}\pnode(6.5,1.5){F}
5 \pnode(5,0){G}\pnode(3.5,1.5){H} \pnode(8,2.5){I}\pnode(8,1){J}
6 \pnode(10,2.5){K}\pnode(10,1){L} \pnode(14,2.5){M}\pnode(12,1){N}
7 \pnode(3,1){H'}\pnode(14,2.5){O} \pnode(14,1){P}\pnode(13.5,1){Q}
8 \transformer[transformerprimarylabel=$i_1$,transformersecondarylabel=$i_2$,
9   primarylabel=$n_1$,secondarylabel=$n_2$](A)(B)(C)(D){$T_1$}
10 {\psset{fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=black}
11 \diode(H)(E){}\diode(H)(G){} \diode(E)(F){}\diode(G)(F){}
12 \capacitor[dipolestyle=chemical](I)(J){} \capacitor(K)(L){}
13 \REG(K)(M)(N)%
14 {\shortstack{\textsf{%
15   \textbf{\large LM7805}}\textbf{+5V}}}}
16 \ncangle{I}{F}\psline(I)(K) \ncangle{E}{C}\ncangle{G}{D}
17 \ncangle[arm=0]{P}{Q} \ncangle[arm=0]{H}{H'}
18 \ground(H')\ground(J)\ground(L)\ground(N)
19 \ground(Q)\qdisk(I){1.5pt}\qdisk(K){1.5pt}\qdisk(E){1.5pt}
20 \qdisk(G){1.5pt}\qdisk(H){1.5pt}\qdisk(F){1.5pt}
21 \pscircle[fillstyle=solid](A){0.075} \pscircle[fillstyle=solid](B){0.075}
22 \pscircle[fillstyle=solid](P){0.075} \pscircle[fillstyle=solid](O){0.075}
23 \end{pspicture}

```

The following example was written by Lionel Cordesses.

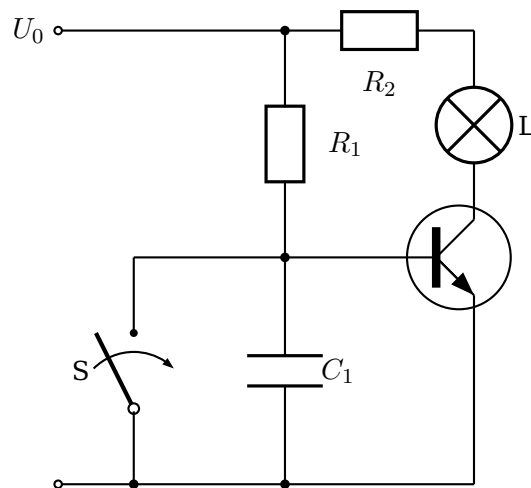


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(11,3)
2 \psset{dipolestyle=elektor}
3 \pnode(1,2){Vin}\pnode(0.5,2){S}\pnode(0.5,0){Sm}
4 \pnode(2.5,2){A}\pnode(4.5,2){B}\pnode(6.5,2){C}
5 \pnode(8,2){Cd}\pnode(8.5,2){D}\pnode(9.5,2){E}
6 \pnode(2.5,0){Am}\pnode(4.5,0){Bm}\pnode(6.5,0){Cm}
7 \pnode(8.5,0){Dm}\pnode(9.5,0){Em}
8 \Ucc[labeloffset=0.9](Sm)(S){$V_{in}$}\resistor(Vin)(A){$R$}
9 \capacitor(A)(Am){$C_1$}\capacitor(B)(Bm){$C_3$}
10 \capacitor[labeloffset=-0.7](D)(Dm){$C_n$}\resistor(E)(Em){$R$}
11 \coil(A)(B){$L_2$}\coil(B)(C){$L_4$}
12 \wire(Am)(Bm)\wire(Bm)(Cm)\wire(Cm)(Dm)\wire(Dm)(Em)\wire(D)(E)
13 \wire(Cd)(D)\psline[linestyle=dashed](C)(Cd)
14 \wire(S)(Vin)\wire(Sm)(Am)
15 \pscircle*(D){2\pslinewidth}\pscircle*(Dm){2\pslinewidth}
16 \pscircle*(A){2\pslinewidth}\pscircle*(Am){2\pslinewidth}
17 \pscircle*(B){2\pslinewidth}\pscircle*(Bm){2\pslinewidth}
18 \end{pspicture}

```

The following example was written by Christian Hoffmann.

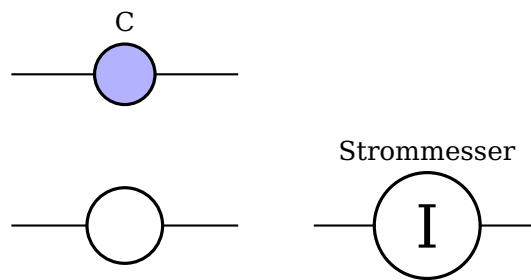


```

1 \SpecialCoor
2 \begin{pspicture}(0,-1)(7,6.5)%
3 \node(0,6){plus}
4 \node(3,3){basis}
5 \node([nodesep=-2] basis){schalter}
6 \node(0,0){masse}
7 \wire[arrows=o-*](plus)(basis|plus)
8 \uput[l](plus){$U_0$}
9 \resistor[labeloffset=.8](basis|plus)(basis){$R_1$}
10 \transistor[basesep=2cm](basis){emitter}{kollektor}
11 \wire[arrows=-*](schalter)(basis)
12 % \wire(basis)([nodesep=2] basis)
13 \wire(TBaseNode)(basis)
14 \switch(schalter|masse)(schalter){S}
15 \lamp(kollektor|plus)(kollektor){L}
16 \resistor(kollektor|plus)(basis|plus){$R_2$}
17 \wire(emitter)(emitter|masse)
18 \wire(emitter|masse)(basis|masse)
19 \capacitor(basis)(basis|masse){$C_1$}
20 \wire[arrows=-*](basis|masse)(schalter|masse)
21 \wire[arrows=-*o](schalter|masse)(masse)
22 \end{pspicture}

```

Variable radius for



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(8,5)
2 \circledipole(0,1)(3,1){}
3 \pnode(4,1){A}\pnode(7,1){B}
4 \circledipole[radius=7mm,labeloffset=1cm](A)(B){Strommesser}\rput(5.5,1){\Huge I}
5 \circledipole[radius=4mm,fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=blue!30](0,3)(3,3){C}
6 \end{pspicture}

```


2 Microwave symbols

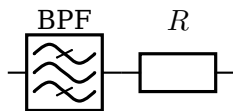
Since for microwave signal, the direction in which the signal spreads is very important, There are dipoleinput or tripoleinput or quadripoleinput and arrowinput parameters. The value of theses parameters are left or right for the first one and true or false for second one.

```

1 \ifPst@inputarrow
2   \ifx\psk@Dinput\pst@Dinput@right
3     \pcline[arrows=-C](#2)(dipole@1)
4     \pcline[arrows=->,arrowinset=0](#3)(dipole@2)
5   \else
6     \pcline[arrows=->,arrowinset=0](#2)(dipole@1)
7     \pcline[arrows=C-](dipole@2)(#3)
8   \fi
9 \else
10  \pcline[arrows=-C](#2)(dipole@1)
11  \pcline[arrows=C-](dipole@2)(#3)
12 \fi
13 \pcline[fillstyle=none,linestyle=none](#2)(#3)

```

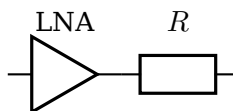
The last line is to correct some problems when I use colors (see example2) To add color in components (Monopole, tripole and Quadripole), there is a new argument. \multidipole also works:



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(4,2)
2   \pnode(0.5,1){A}
3   \pnode(3.5,1){B}
4   \multidipole(A)(B)\filter{BPF}%
5   \resistor{$R$}.
6 \end{pspicture}

```



```

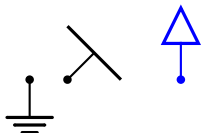
1 \begin{pspicture}(4,2)
2   \pnode(0.5,1){A}
3   \pnode(3.5,1){B}
4   \multidipole(A)(B)\amplifier{LNA}%
5   \resistor{$R$}.
6 \end{pspicture}

```

2.1 New monopole components

New ground

groundstyle: ads | old | triangle



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0.5,1){A}
3   \pnode(1,1){B}
4   \pnode(2.5,1){C}
5   \newground(A)
6   \newground[groundstyle=old]{135}(B)
7   \newground[linecolor=blue,groundstyle=triangle]{180}(C)
8 \end{pspicture}

```

Antenna

antennastyle: two | three | triangle



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(1,0.5){A}
3   \antenna[antennastyle=three](A)
4 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(1,0.5){A}
3   \antenna(A)
4 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(1,0.5){A}
3   \antenna[antennastyle=triangle](A)
4 \end{pspicture}
```

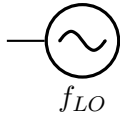
2.2 New monopole macro-components

Oscillator

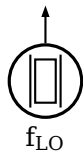
output: top | right | bottom | left

inputarrow: false | true

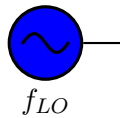
L0style: - | crystal



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(1,1){A}
3   \oscillator[output=left,inputarrow=false](A)%
4   {$f_{L0}$}{}
5 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(1,1){A}
3   \oscillator[output=top,inputarrow=true,L0style=crystal](A)%
4   {$f_{\text{L0}}$}{}
5 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(1,1){A}
3   \oscillator[output=right,inputarrow=false](A)%
4   {$f_{L0}$}{\fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=blue}
5 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(1,1){A}
3   \oscillator[output=bottom,inputarrow=false](A)%
4   {$f_{L0}$}{}
5 \end{pspicture}
```

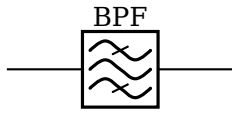
2.3 New dipole macro-components

Filters

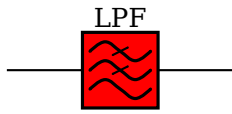
dipolestyle: bandpass | lowpass | highpass

inputarrow: false | true

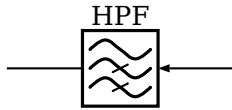
dipoleinput: left | right



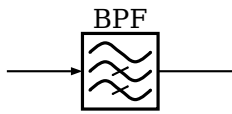
```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
3   \filter(A)(B){BPF}
4 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
3   \filter[dipolestyle=lowpass,fillstyle=solid,%
4     fillcolor=red](A)(B){LPF}
5 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
3   \filter[dipolestyle=highpass,dipoleinput=right,
4     inputarrow=true](A)(B){HPF}
5 \end{pspicture}
```

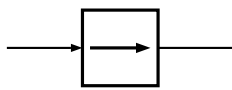


```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
3   \filter[dipolestyle=highpass,inputarrow=true](A)(B){BPF}
4 \end{pspicture}
```

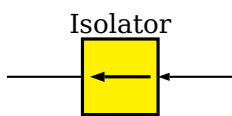
Isolator

inputarrow: false | true

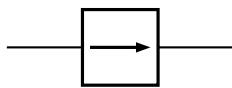
dipoleinput: left | right



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
3   \isolator[inputarrow=true](A)(B){}
4 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
3   \isolator[dipoleinput=right,inputarrow=true,
4     fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow](A)(B){Isolator}
5 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
3   \isolator[dipoleinput=left](A)(B){}
4 \end{pspicture}
```

Frequency multiplier/divider

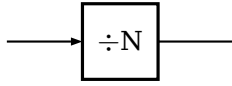
dipolestyle: multiplier | divider

value: $N \mid n \in N$

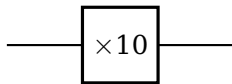
programmable: false | true

inputarrow: false | true

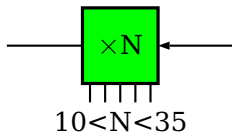
dipoleinput: left | right



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}\pnode(3,1){B}
3   \freqmult[dipolestyle=divider,inputarrow=true](A)(B){}
4 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}\pnode(3,1){B}
3   \freqmult[dipolestyle=multiplier,value=10](A)(B){}
4 \end{pspicture}
```

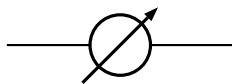


```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,3)
2   \pnode(0,1.5){A}\pnode(3,1.5){B}
3   \freqmult[dipolestyle=multiplier,programmable=true,
4     labeloffset=-1,dipoleinput=right,inputarrow=true,
5     fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=green](A)(B){10<N<35}
6 \end{pspicture}
```

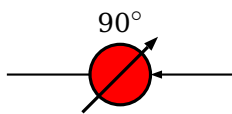
Phase shifter

inputarrow: false | true

dipoleinput: left | right



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A1} \pnode(3,1){A2}
3   \phaseshifter(A1)(A2){}
4 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){B1} \pnode(3,1){B2}
3   \phaseshifter[inputarrow=true,dipoleinput=right,
4     fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=red](B1)(B2){90$^\circ$}
5 \end{pspicture}
```

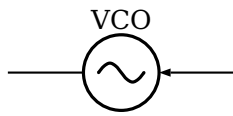
VCO

inputarrow: false | true

dipoleinput: left | right



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A1} \pnode(3,1){A2}
3   \vco[fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow](A1)(A2){}
4 \end{pspicture}
```



```

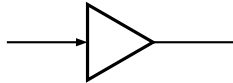
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){B1} \pnode(3,1){B2}
3   \vco[dipoleinput=right,inputarrow=true](B1)(B2){VCO}
4 \end{pspicture}

```

Amplifier

inputarrow: false| true

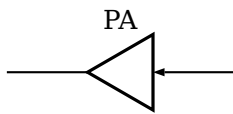
dipoleinput: left | right



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
3   \amplifier[inputarrow=true](A)(B){}
4 \end{pspicture}

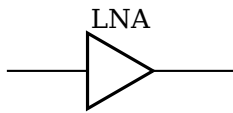
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
3   \amplifier[dipoleinput=right,inputarrow=true](A)(B){PA}
4 \end{pspicture}

```



```

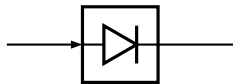
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
3   \amplifier[dipoleinput=left](A)(B){LNA}
4 \end{pspicture}

```

Detector

inputarrow: false| true

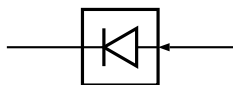
dipoleinput: left | right



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
3   \detector[inputarrow=true](A)(B){}
4 \end{pspicture}

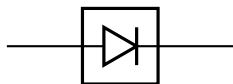
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
3   \detector[dipoleinput=right,inputarrow=true](A)(B){}
4 \end{pspicture}

```



```

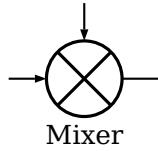
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A} \pnode(3,1){B}
3   \detector[dipoleinput=left](A)(B){}
4 \end{pspicture}

```

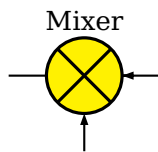
2.4 New tripole macro-components

Mixer

tripolestyle: bottom | top
tripoleconfig: left | right
inputarrow: false | true



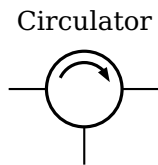
```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,2){C}
3   \mixer[tripolestyle=top,inputarrow=true](A)(B)(C)%
4   {Mixer}{}
5 \end{pspicture}
```



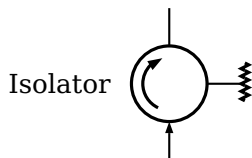
```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,0){C}
3   \mixer[inputarrow=true,tripoleinput=right](A)(B)(C)
4   {Mixer}{fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow}
5 \end{pspicture}
```

Circulator

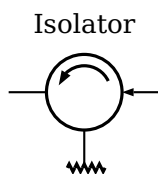
tripolestyle: circulator | isolator
inputarrow: false | true
tripoleinput: left | right



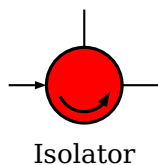
```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,0){C}
3   \circulator{0}(A)(B)(C){Circulator}{}
4 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,3)
2   \pnode(1.5,0.5){A}\pnode(1.5,2.5){B}\pnode(0.5,1.5){C}
3   \circulator[tripolestyle=isolator,inputarrow=true]{90}%
4   (A)(B)(C){Isolator}{}
5 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,0){C}
3   \circulator[tripoleconfig=right,tripolestyle=isolator,
4     inputarrow=true,tripoleinput=right]{0}%
5   (B)(A)(C){Isolator}{}
6 \end{pspicture}
```

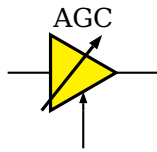


```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,2){C}
3   \circulator[tripoleconfig=right,
4     inputarrow=true]{180}(A)(B)(C){Isolator}%
5   {fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=red}
6 \end{pspicture}
```

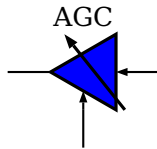
Agc

inputarrow: false| true

tripoleinput: left | right



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,0){C}
3   \agc(A)(B)(C){AGC}{fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow}
4 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0.5,1){A}\pnode(2.5,1){B}\pnode(1.5,0){C}
3   \agc[tripoleinput=right,inputarrow=true](A)(B)(C)%
4     {AGC}{fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=blue}
5 \end{pspicture}
```

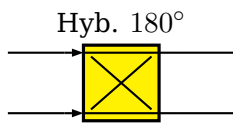
2.5 New quadripole macro-components

Coupler

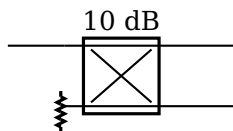
couplerstyle: hybrid | directional

inputarrow: false| true

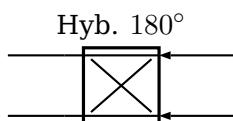
quadripoleinput: left | right



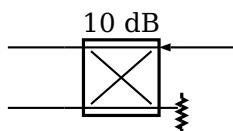
```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1.4){A} \pnode(0,0.6){B}
3   \pnode(3,1.4){C} \pnode(3,0.6){D}
4   \coupler[couplerstyle=hybrid,inputarrow=true](A)(B)(C)(D)%
5     {Hyb. $180^\circ\ensuremath{\wedge\circ}}%
6     {fillstyle=solid,fillcolor=yellow}
7 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1.4){A} \pnode(0,0.6){B}
3   \pnode(3,1.4){C} \pnode(3,0.6){D}
4   \coupler[couplerstyle=directional](A)(B)(C)(D){10~dB}{%
5 \end{pspicture}
```



```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1.4){A} \pnode(0,0.6){B}
3   \pnode(3,1.4){C} \pnode(3,0.6){D}
4   \coupler[couplerstyle=hybrid,inputarrow=true,%
5     quadripoleinput=right](A)(B)(C)(D)%
6     {Hyb. $180^\circ\ensuremath{\wedge\circ}}{}
7 \end{pspicture}
```

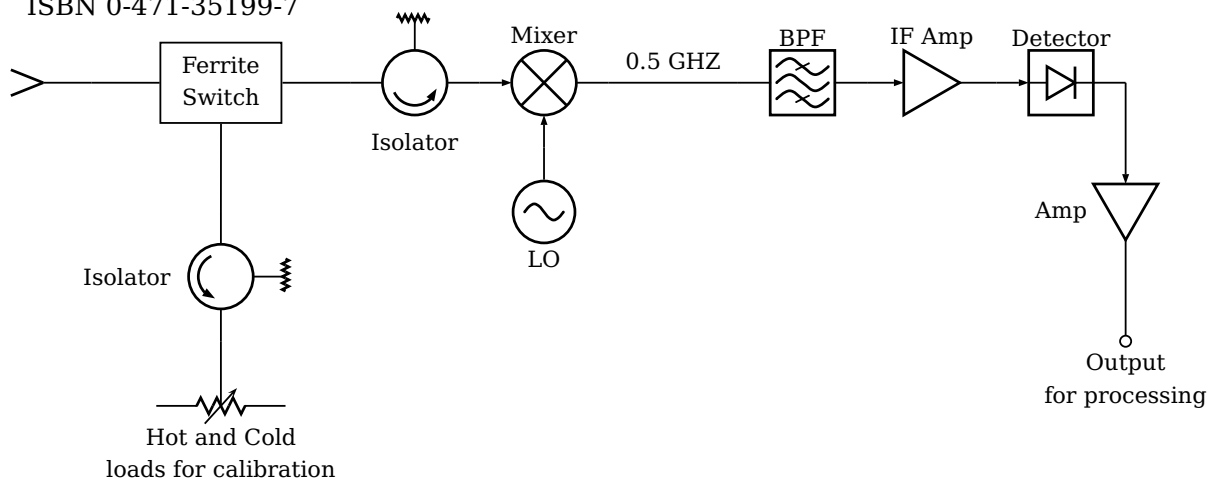


```
1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1.4){A} \pnode(0,0.6){B}
3   \pnode(3,1.4){C} \pnode(3,0.6){D}
4   \coupler[couplerstyle=directional,quadripoleinput=right,%
5     inputarrow=true](A)(B)(C)(D){10~dB}{%
6 \end{pspicture}
```

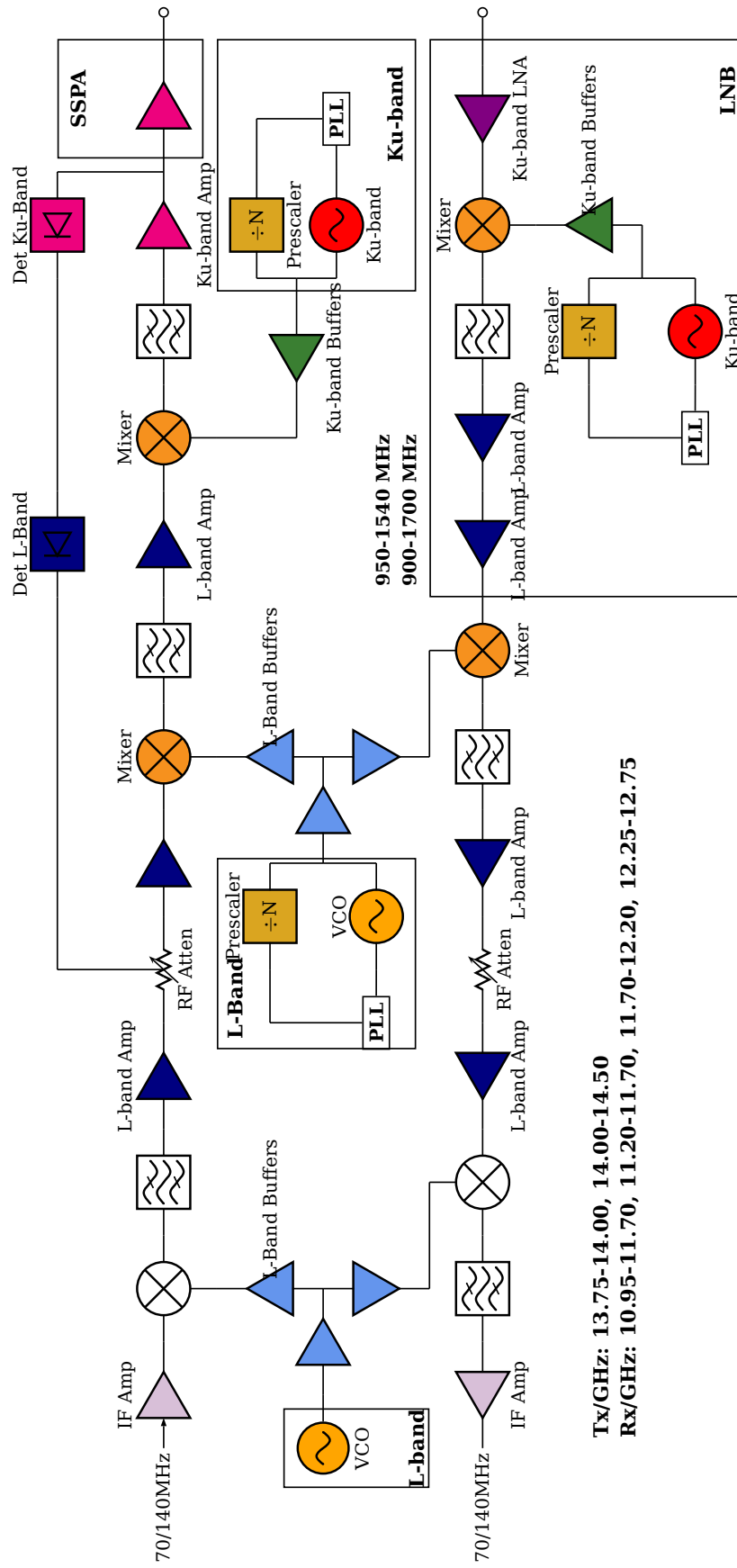
2.6 Examples

Radiometer block diagram example

From Chang, K., RF and Microwave Wireless Systems, Wiley InterScience, page 319, ISBN 0-471-35199-7



Ku-band Transceiver



3 Flip Flops – logical elements

The syntax for all logical base circuits is

```
\logic [Options] (x_0, y_0) {label}
```

where the options and the origin are optional. If they are missing, then the default options, described in the next section and the default origin (0,0) is used. The origin specifies the lower left corner of the logical circuit.

xLkeywordlogicType

```
1 \logic{Demo}
2 \logic[logicType=and]{Demo}
3 \logic(0,0){Demo}
4 \logic[logicType=and](0,0){Demo}
```

The above four „different“ calls of the \logic macro give the same output, because they are equivalent.

3.1 The Options

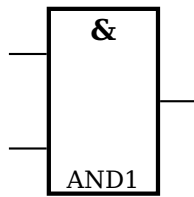
<i>name</i>	<i>type</i>	<i>default</i>
logicShowNode	boolean	false
logicShowDot	boolean	false
logicNodestyle	command	\footnotesize
logicSymbolstyle	command	\large
logicSymbolpos	value	0.5
logicLabelstyle	command	\small
logicType	string	and
logicChangeLR	boolean	false
logicWidth	length	1.5
logicHeight	length	2.5
logicWireLength	length	0.5
logicNInput	number	2
logicJInput	number	2
logicKInput	number	2

3.2 Basic Logical Circuits

At least the basic objects require a unique label name, otherwise it is not sure, that all nodes will work well. The label may contain any alphanumerical character and most of all symbols. But it is save using only combinations of letters and digits. For example:

```
And0
a0
a123
12
NOT123a
```

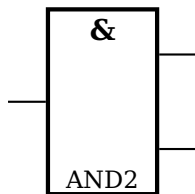
A_1 is not a good choice, the underscore may cause some problems.

And

```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,0)(3,3)
2 \logic{AND1}
3 \end{pspicture}

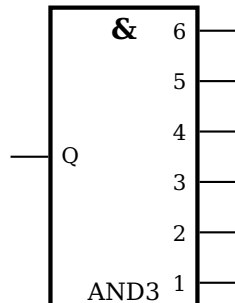
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicChangeLR]{AND2}
3 \end{pspicture}

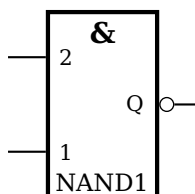
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(4,5)
2 \logic[logicShowNode,%
3   logicWidth=2,
4   logicHeight=4,
5   logicNInput=6,
6   logicChangeLR](1,1){AND3}
7 \end{pspicture}

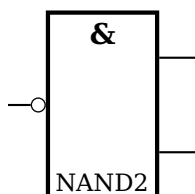
```

NotAnd

```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicType=nand,
3   logicShowNode]{NAND1}
4 \end{pspicture}

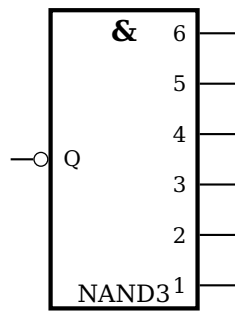
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicType=nand,
3   logicChangeLR]{NAND2}
4 \end{pspicture}

```

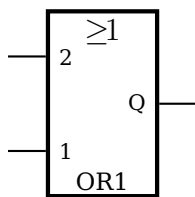


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(4,5)
2 \logic[logicType=nand,
3   logicShowNode,
4   logicWidth=2,
5   logicHeight=4,
6   logicNInput=6,
7   logicChangeLR](1,1){NAND3}
8 \end{pspicture}

```

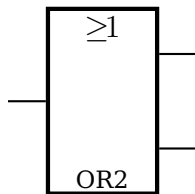
Or



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicType=or,
3   logicShowNode]{OR1}
4 \end{pspicture}

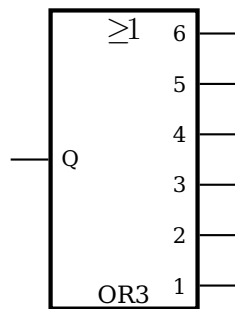
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicType=or,
3   logicChangeLR]{OR2}
4 \end{pspicture}

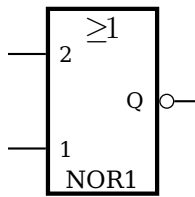
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(4,5)
2 \logic[logicType=or,
3   logicShowNode,
4   logicWidth=2,
5   logicHeight=4,
6   logicNInput=6,
7   logicChangeLR](1,1){OR3}
8 \end{pspicture}

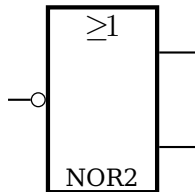
```

Not Or

```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicType=nor,
3   logicShowNode]{NOR1}
4 \end{pspicture}

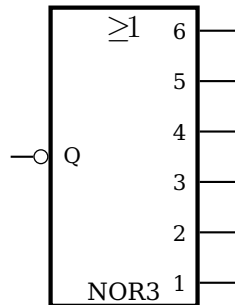
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicType=nor,
3   logicChangeLR]{NOR2}
4 \end{pspicture}

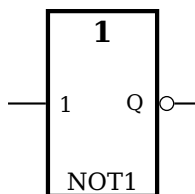
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(4,5)
2 \logic[logicType=nor,
3   logicShowNode,
4   logicWidth=2,
5   logicHeight=4,
6   logicNInput=6,
7   logicChangeLR](1,1){NOR3}
8 \end{pspicture}

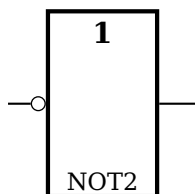
```

Not

```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicType=not,
3   logicShowNode]{NOT1}
4 \end{pspicture}

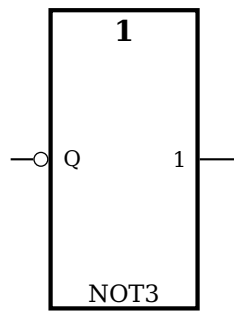
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicType=not,
3   logicChangeLR]{NOT2}
4 \end{pspicture}

```

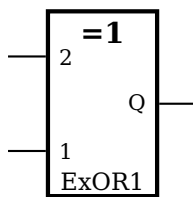


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(4,5)
2 \logic[logicType=not,
3   logicShowNode,
4   logicWidth=2,
5   logicHeight=4,
6   logicChangeLR](1,1){NOT3}
7 \end{pspicture}

```

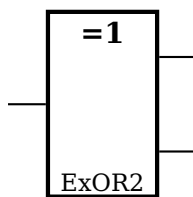
Exclusive OR



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicType=exor,
3   logicShowNode]{ExOR1}
4 \end{pspicture}

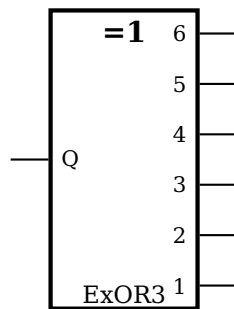
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicType=exor,
3   logicChangeLR]{ExOR2}
4 \end{pspicture}

```

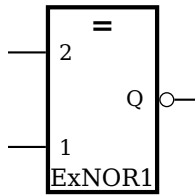


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(4,5)
2 \logic[logicType=exor,
3   logicShowNode,
4   logicNInput=6,
5   logicWidth=2,
6   logicHeight=4,
7   logicChangeLR](1,1){ExOR3}
8 \end{pspicture}

```

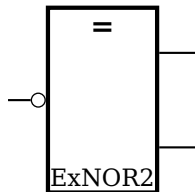
Exclusive NOR



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicType=exnor,
3   logicShowNode]{ExNOR1}
4 \end{pspicture}

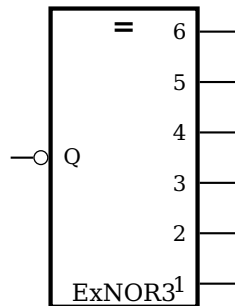
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicType=exnor,
3   logicChangeLR]{ExNOR2}
4 \end{pspicture}

```

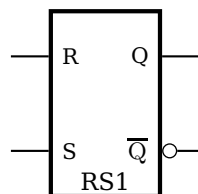


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(4,5)
2 \logic[logicType=exnor,
3   logicShowNode,
4   logicNInput=6,
5   logicWidth=2,
6   logicHeight=4,
7   logicChangeLR](1,1){ExNOR3}
8 \end{pspicture}

```

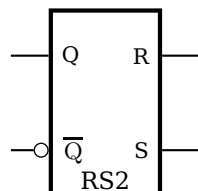
3.3 RS Flip Flop



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicShowNode,
3   logicType=RS]{RS1}
4 \end{pspicture}

```

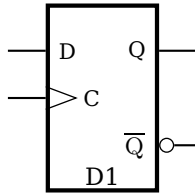


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicShowNode,
3   logicType=RS,
4   logicChangeLR]{RS2}
5 \end{pspicture}

```

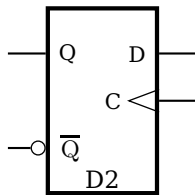
3.4 D Flip Flop



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicShowNode,
3   logicType=D]{D1}
4 \end{pspicture}

```

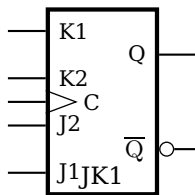


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicShowNode=true,
3   logicType=D,
4   logicChangeLR]{D2}
5 \end{pspicture}

```

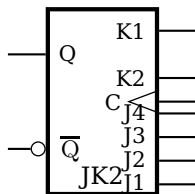
3.5 JK Flip Flop



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicShowNode,
3   logicType=JK,
4   logicKInput=2,
5   logicJInput=2]{JK1}
6 \end{pspicture}

```

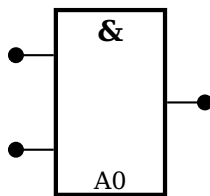


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(3,3)
2 \logic[logicShowNode,logicType=JK,
3   logicKInput=2, logicJInput=4,
4   logicChangeLR]{JK2}
5 \end{pspicture}

```

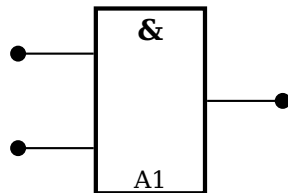
3.6 Other Options



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(3,2.5)
2 \logic[logicShowDot]{A0}
3 \end{pspicture}

```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,0)(3,2.5)
2 \logic[logicWireLength=1,
3     logicShowDot]{A1}
4 \end{pspicture}

```

The unit of `logicWireLength` is the same than the actual one for `pstricks`, set by the `unit` option.

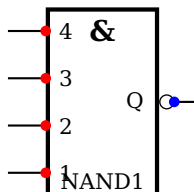
3.7 The Node Names

Every logic circuit is defined with its name, which should be a unique one. If we have the following NAND circuit, then `pst-circ` defines the nodes

NAND11, NAND12, NAND13, NAND14, NAND1Q

If there exists an inverted output, like for all Flip Flops, then the negated one gets the appendix `neg` to the node name. For example:

NAND1Q, NAND1Qneg



```

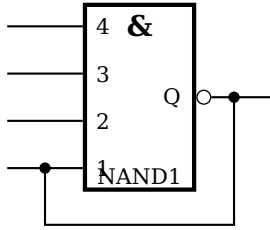
1 \begin{pspicture}(-0.5,0)(2.5,3)
2 \logic[logicShowNode=true,%
3     logicLabelStyle=\footnotesize,%
4     logicType=nand,%
5     logicNInput=4]{NAND1}
6 \multido{\n=1+1}{4}{%
7     \pscircle*[linecolor=red](NAND1\n){2pt}%
8 }
9 \pscircle*[linecolor=blue](NAND1Q){2pt}
10 \end{pspicture}

```

Now it is possible to draw a line from the output to the input

`\ncbar[angleA=0,angleB=180]{<Node A>}{<Node B>}`

It may be easier to print a grid since the drawing phase and then comment it out if all is finished.

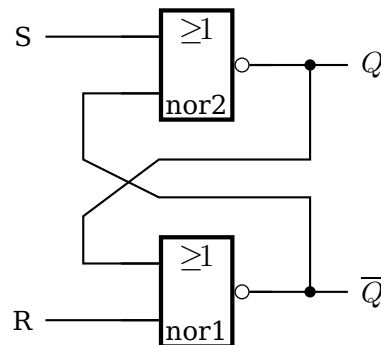


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(2.5,3)
2 \logic[logicShowNode=true,%
3   logicLabelstyle=\footnotesize,%
4   logicType=nand,%
5   logicWireLength=1,%
6   logicNInput=4]{NAND1}
7 \pnode(-0.5,0|NAND11){tempA}
8 \pnode(2,0|NAND1Q){tempB}
9 \end{pspicture}
10 \ncbar[angleA=-90,angleB=0,arm=0.75,%
11   arrows=*, dotsize=0.15]{tempA}{tempB}

```

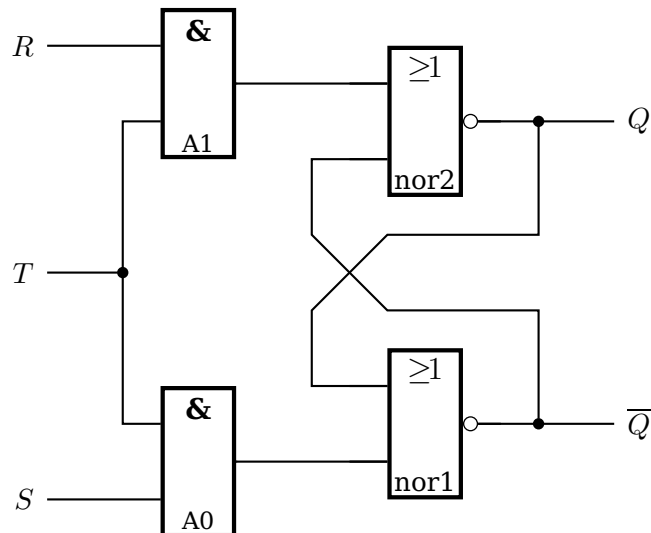
3.8 Examples



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,0)(5,5)
2 \psset{logicType=nor, logicLabelstyle=\normalsize,%
3   logicWidth=1, logicHeight=1.5, dotsize=0.15}
4 \logic(1.5,0){nor1}
5 \logic(1.5,3){nor2}
6 \psline(nor2Q)(4,0|nor2Q)
7 \uput[0](4,0|nor2Q){$Q$}
8 \psline(nor1Q)(4,0|nor1Q)
9 \uput[0](4,0|nor1Q){$\overline{Q}$}
10 \psline{*-}(3.50,0|nor2Q)(3.5,2.5)(1.5,2.5)
11   (0.5,1.75)(0.5,0|nor12)(nor12)
12 \psline{*-}(3.50,0|nor1Q)(3.5,2)(1.5,2)
13   (0.5,2.5)(0.5,0|nor21)(nor21)
14 \psline(0,0|nor11)(nor11)\uput[180](0,0|nor11){R}
15 \psline(0,0|nor22)(nor22)\uput[180](0,0|nor22){S}
16 \end{pspicture}

```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-4,0)(5,7)
2   \psset{logicWidth=1, logicHeight=2, dotsize=0.15}
3   \logic[logicWireLength=0](-2,0){A0}
4   \logic[logicWireLength=0](-2,5){A1}
5   \ncbar[angleA=-180,angleB=-180,arm=0.5]{A11}{A02}
6   \psline[dotsize=0.15]{-*}(-3.5,3.5)(-2.5,3.5)
7   \uput[180](-3.5,3.5){T$}
8   \psline(-3.5,0.5)(A01)\uput[180](-3.5,0.5){S$}
9   \psline(-3.5,6.5)(A12)\uput[180](-3.5,6.5){R$}
10  \psset{logicType=nor, logicLabelstyle=\normalsize}
11  \logic(1,0.5){nor1}
12  \logic(1,4.5){nor2}
13  \psline(nor2Q)(4,0|nor2Q)
14  \uput[0](4,0|nor2Q){Q$}
15  \psline(nor1Q)(4,0|nor1Q)
16  \uput[0](4,0|nor1Q){$\overline{Q}$}
17  \psline{*-}(3,0|nor2Q)(3,4)(1,4)(0,3)(0,0|nor12)(nor12)
18  \psline{*-}(3,0|nor1Q)(3,3)(1,3)(0,4)(0,0|nor21)(nor21)
19  \psline(A0Q)(nor11)
20  \psline(A1Q)(nor22)
21 \end{pspicture}

```

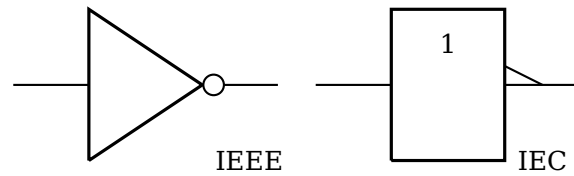
4 Logical circuits in american style

<i>macro</i>	<i>option</i>	<i>defaults</i>
\logicnot	input	true
	invertinput	false
	invertoutput	false
	iec	false
	iecinvert	false
	bubblesize	0.2
	possible values	0.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20
\logicand	ninputs	2
	input?	true
	where ? = a-d	
	invertinput?	false
	where ? = a-d	
	invertoutput	false
	iec	false
	iecinvert	false
\logicor	ninputs	2
	input?	true
	where ? = 1-4	
	invertinput?	false
	where ? = a-d	
	invertoutput	false
	iec	false
	iecinvert	false
\logicxor	ninputs	2
	input?	true
	where ? = 1-4	
	invertinput?	false
	where ? = a-d	
	invertoutput	false
	iec	false
	iecinvert	false
\logicff	inputa	true
	invertinputa	false

continued on next page ...

<i>macro</i>	<i>option</i>	<i>defaults</i>
	inputalabel	
	inputb	true
	invertinputb	false
	inputblabel	
	enable	false
	invertenable	false
	clock	false
	invertclock	false
	set	false
	invertset	false
	reset	false
	invertreset	false
	bubblesize	0.2
	possible values	0.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20
\logicic	nicpins	8
	possible values	8, 14, 16, 20, 32
	pin?	true
	invertpin?	false
	pin?label	
	pin?number	
	where ? =	a-z,aa,ab,ac,ad,ae,af
	bubblesize	0.2
	possible values	0.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20
\xic	plcaddress	
	plcsymbol	
\xio	plcaddress	
	plcsymbol	
\ote	plcaddress	
	plcsymbol	
	latch	false
	unlatch	false
\osr	plcaddress	
	plcsymbol	
\res	plcaddress	
	plcsymbol	
\swpb	contactclosed	false
\swtog	contactclosed	false
\contact	contactclosed	false

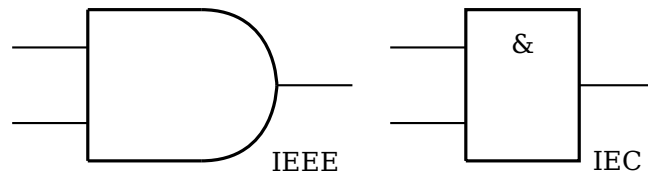
4.1 Examples



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(8.5,3)
2   \logicnot[invertoutput=true](0,0){IEEE}
3   \logicnot[invertoutput=true,iec=true,iecinvert=true](4,0){IEC}
4 \end{pspicture}

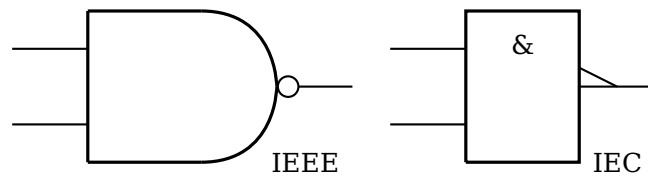
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)
2   \logicand[ninputs=2](0,0){IEEE}
3   \logicand[ninputs=2,iec=true](5,0){IEC}
4 \end{pspicture}

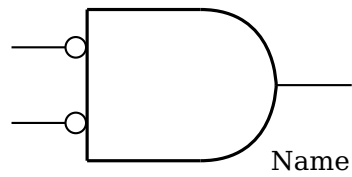
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)
2   \logicand[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true](0,0){IEEE}
3   \logicand[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true,iec=true,iecinvert=true](5,0){IEC}
4 \end{pspicture}

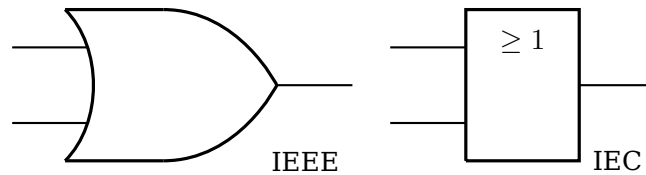
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,3)
2   \logicand[ninputs=2,invertinputa=true,
3             invertinputb=true](0,0){Name}
4 \end{pspicture}

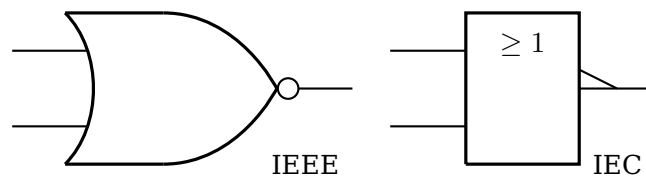
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)
2   \logikor[ninputs=2](0,0){IEEE}
3   \logikor[ninputs=2,iec=true](5,0){IEC}
4 \end{pspicture}

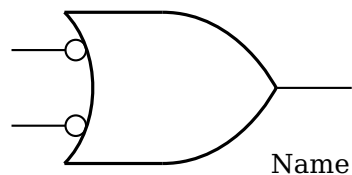
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)
2   \logikor[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true](0,0){IEEE}
3   \logikor[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true,iec=true,iecinvert=true](5,0){IEC}
4 \end{pspicture}

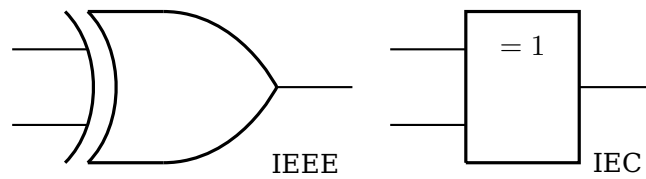
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,3)
2   \logikor[ninputs=2,invertinputa=true,
3             invertinputb=true](0,0){Name}
4 \end{pspicture}

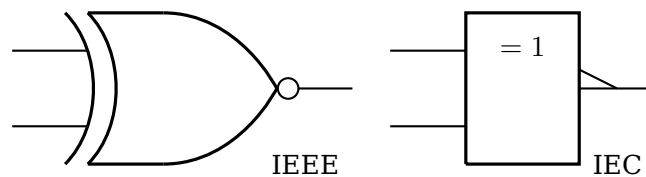
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)
2   \logicxor[ninputs=2]{0}(0,0){IEEE}
3   \logicxor[ninputs=2,iec=true]{0}(5,0){IEC}
4 \end{pspicture}

```

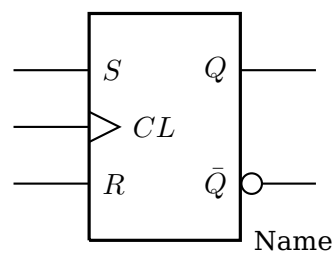


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(9.5,3)
2   \logicxor[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true]{0}(0,0){IEEE}
3   \logicxor[ninputs=2,invertoutput=true,iec=true,iecinvert=true]{0}(5,0){IEC}
4 \end{pspicture}

```

S-R Flip-Flop with Clock

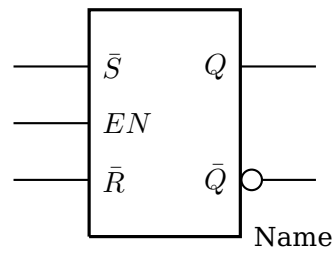


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,4)
2   \logicff[clock=true,inputlabel=$S$,
3   inputlabel=$R$](0,0){Name}
3 \end{pspicture}

```

\bar{S} - \bar{R} Flip-Flop with Enable

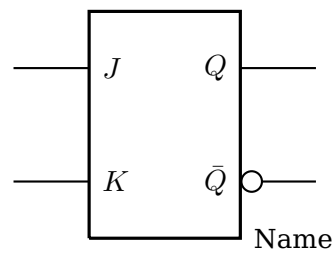


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,4)
2   \logicff[enable=true,inputlabel=$\bar{S}$,inputlabel=$\bar{R}$](0,0){
3     Name}
4 \end{pspicture}

```

***J-K* Flip-Flop**

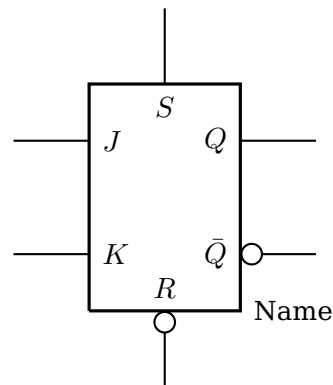


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,4)
2   \logicff[inputlabel=$J$,inputlabel=$K$(0,0){Name}
3 \end{pspicture}

```

***J-K* Flip-Flop with Set and Reset**

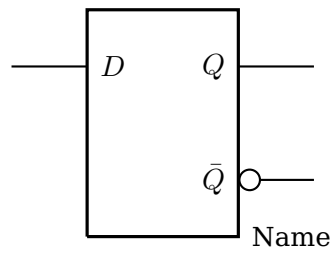


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,4)
2   \logicff[set=true,reset=true,
3     invertreset=true,%
4     inputlabel=$J$,inputlabel=$K
5     $(0,0){Name}
6 \end{pspicture}

```

***D* Flip-Flop**

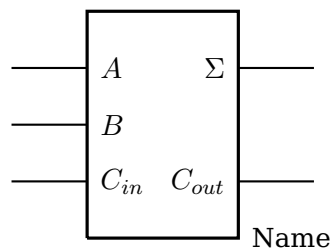


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,4)
2   \logicff[inputb=false,inputalabel=$D
3   $(0,0){Name}
4 \end{pspicture}

```

Full Adder

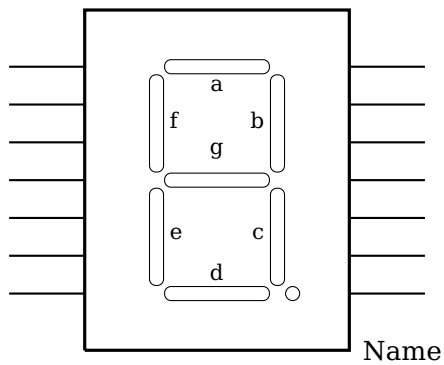


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(5,4)
2   \logicff[enable=true,invertoutputb=
3   false,inputalabel=$A$,
4   inputlabel=$C_{in}$,inputenlabel=$B
5   $,outputalabel=$\Sigma$,
6   outputlabel=$C_{out}$](0,0){Name}
7 \end{pspicture}

```

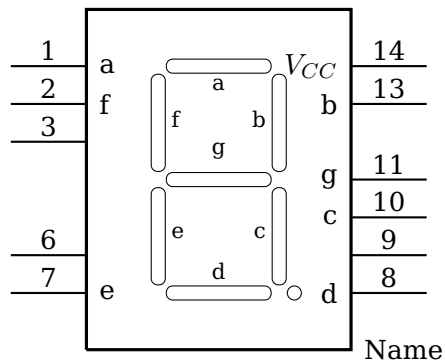
7-Segment Display



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(6.5,5)
2   \sevensegmentdisplay(0,0){Name}
3 \end{pspicture}

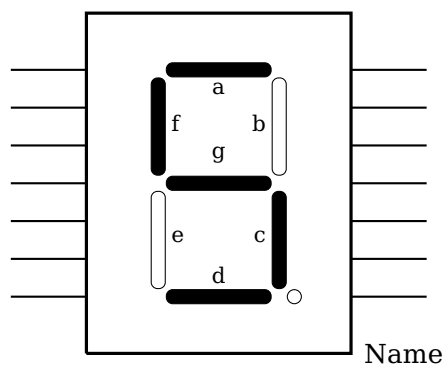
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(6.5,6)
2   \sevensegmentdisplay[pinld=false,pinle=false,pinrc=false,pinlalabel=a,
3     pinlblabel=f,pinlglabel=e,pinrglabel=d,pinrelabel=c,pinrdlabel=g,
4     pinrblabel=b,pinralabel={\mathbb{C}},pinlanumber=1,pinlbnumber=2,
5     pinlcnumber=3,pinlfnumber=6,pinlgnumber=7,pinrgnumber=8,pinrfnumber=9,
6     pinrenumber=10,pinrdnumber=11,pinrbnumber=13,pinranumber=14](0,0){Name}
7 \end{pspicture}

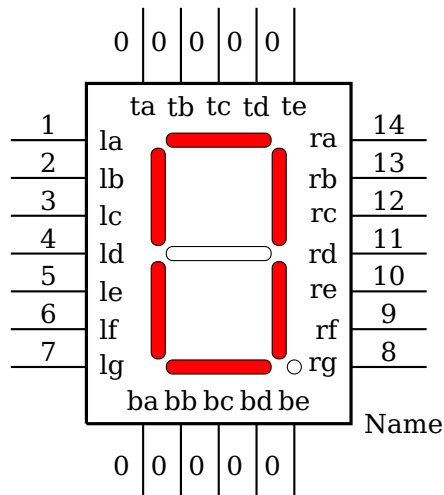
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(6.5,6)
2   \sevensegmentdisplay[segmentdisplay=5](0,0){Name}
3 \end{pspicture}

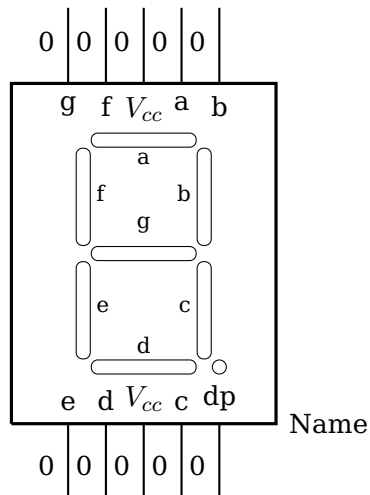
```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(6.5,6)
2   \sevensegmentdisplay[segmentdisplay=0,segmentcolor=red,segmentlabels=false,
3     pinllabel=la,pinlblabel=lb,pinlclabel=lc,pinldlabel=ld,pinlelabel=le,
4     pinlflabel=lf,pinlglabel=lg,pinrglabel=rg,pinrflabel=rf,pinrelabel=re,
5     pinrdlabel=rd,pinrclabel=rc,pinrblabel=rb,pinralabel=ra,pinlanumber=1,
6     pinlbnumber=2,pinlcnumber=3,pinldnumber=4,pinlenumber=5,pinlfnumber=6,
7     pinlgnumber=7,pinrgnumber=8,pinrnumber=9,pinrenumber=10,pinrdnumber=11,
8     pinrcnumber=12,pinrbnumber=13,pinranumber=14,pinta=true,pintalabel=ta,
9     pintanumber=0,pintb=true,pintblabel=tb,pintbnumber=0,pintc=true,
10    pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=0,pintd=true,pintdlabel=td,pintdnumber=0,
11    pinte=true,pintelabel=te,pintenumber=0,pinba=true,pinbalabel=ba,
12    pinbanumber=0,pinbb=true,pinbblabel=bb,pinbbnumber=0,pinbc=true,
13    pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=0,pinbd=true,pinbdlabel=bd,pinbdnumber=0,
14    pinbe=true,pinbelabel=be,pinbenumber=0](0,0){Name}
15 \end{pspicture}

```

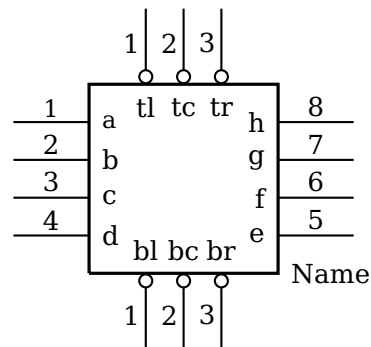


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(6.5,6)
2   \sevensegmentdisplay[segmentdisplay=10,pinla=false,pinlb=false,
3     pinlc=false,pinld=false,pinle=false,pinlf=false,pinlg=false,pinrg=false,
4     pinrf=false,pinre=false,pinrd=false,pinrc=false,pinrb=false,pinra=false,
5     pinta=true,pintalabel=g,pintanumber=0,pintb=true,pintblabel=f,pintbnumber=0,
6     pintc=true,pintclabel= $V_{cc}$ ,pintcnumber=0,pintd=true,pintdlabel=a,
7     pintdnumber=0,pinte=true,pintelabel=b,pintenumber=0,pinba=true,pinbalabel=e,
8     pinbanumber=0,pinbb=true,pinbblabel=d,pinbbnumber=0,pinbc=true,
9     pinbclabel= $V_{cc}$ ,pinbcnumber=0,pinbd=true,pinbdlabel=c,pinbdnumber=0,
10    pinbe=true,pinbelabel=dp,pinbenumber=0](0,0){Name}
11 \end{pspicture}

```

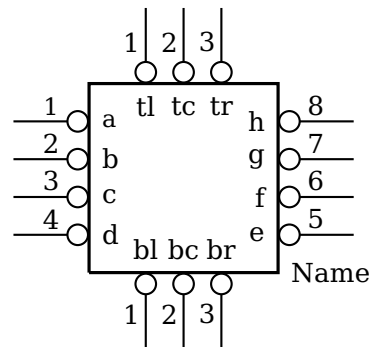
8-Pin DIP IC



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,4)
2   \logicic[nicpins=8,bubblesize=0.1,%
3     pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
4     pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
5     pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
6     invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
7     pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
8     pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
9     pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
10    invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
11    pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
12    pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
13    pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
14    pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8](0,0){Name}
15 \end{pspicture}

```

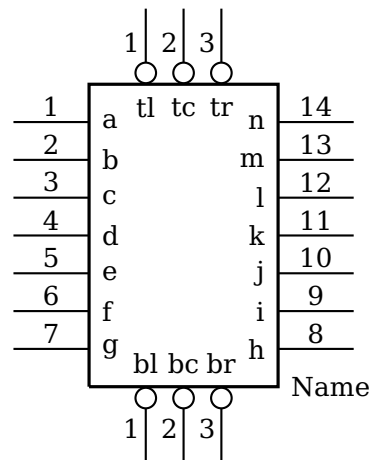


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,4)
2   \logicic[nicpins=8,%
3     pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
4     pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
5     pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
6     invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
7     pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
8     pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
9     pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
10    invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
11    pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
12    pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
13    pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
14    pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,%
15    invertpina=true,invertpinb=true,invertpinc=true,invertpind=true,%
16    invertpine=true,invertpinf=true,invertping=true,invertpinh=true](0,0){Name}
17 \end{pspicture}

```

14-Pin DIP IC

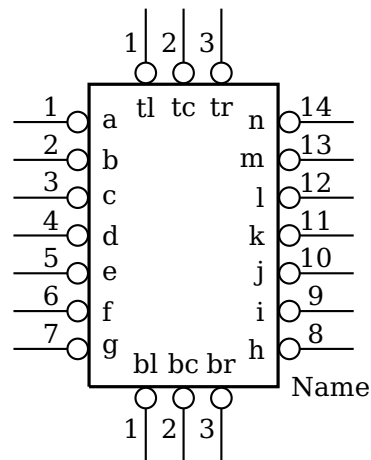


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,6)
2   \logicic[nicpins=14,%
3     pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
4     pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
5     pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
6     invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
7     pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
8     pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
9     pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
10    invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
11    pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
12    pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
13    pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,%
14    pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,%
15    pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
16    pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,%
17    pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
18    pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14]%
19   (0,0){Name}
20 \end{pspicture}

```


14-Pin DIP IC all inverted

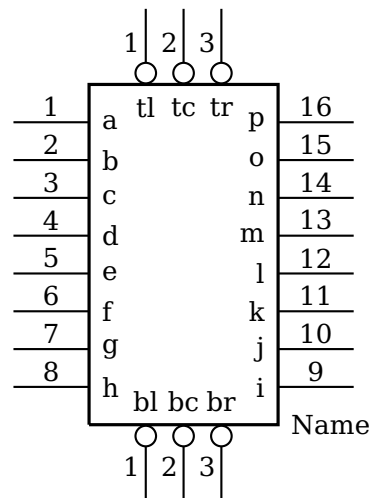


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,6)
2   \logicic[nicpins=14,%
3     pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
4     pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
5     pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
6     invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
7     pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
8     pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
9     pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
10    invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
11    pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
12    pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
13    pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabeled=k,pinllabel=l,%
14    pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,%
15    pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
16    pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,%
17    pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
18    pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,%
19    invertpina=true,invertpinb=true,invertpinc=true,invertpind=true,%
20    invertpine=true,invertpinf=true,invertping=true,invertpinh=true,%
21    invertpini=true,invertpinj=true,invertpink=true,invertpinl=true,%
22    invertpinm=true,invertpinn=true]%
23   (0,0){Name}
24 \end{pspicture}

```

16-Pin DIP IC

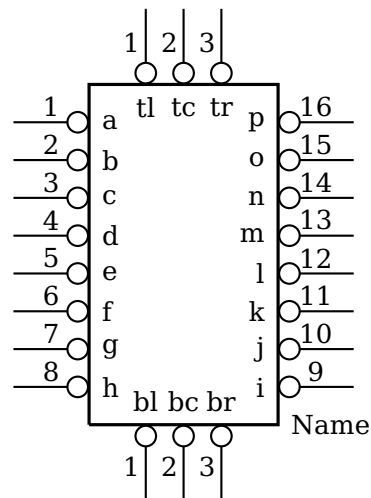


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,6)
2   \logicic[nicpins=16,%
3     pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
4     pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
5     pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
6     invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
7     pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
8     pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
9     pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
10    invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
11    pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
12    pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
13    pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabeled=k,pinllabel=l,%
14    pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
15    pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
16    pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,%
17    pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
18    pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16]%
19    (0,0){Name}
20 \end{pspicture}

```

16-Pin DIP IC all inverted

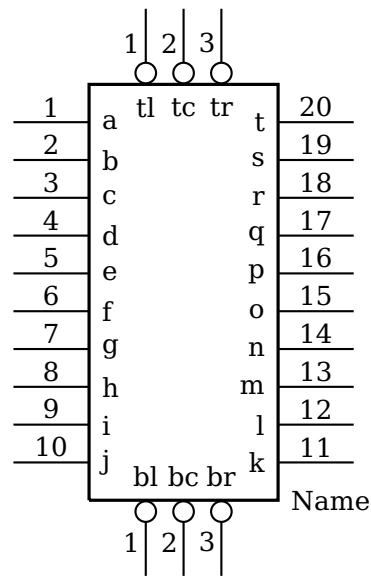


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,6)
2   \logicic[nicpins=16,%
3     pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
4     pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
5     pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
6     invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
7     pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
8     pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
9     pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
10    invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
11    pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
12    pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
13    pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabeled=k,pinllabel=l,%
14    pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
15    pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
16    pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,%
17    pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
18    pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16,
19    invertpina=true,invertpinb=true,invertpinc=true,invertpind=true,%
20    invertpine=true,invertpinf=true,invertping=true,invertpinh=true,%
21    invertpini=true,invertpinj=true,invertpink=true,invertpinl=true,%
22    invertpinm=true,invertpinn=true,invertpino=true,invertpinp=true]%
23   (0,0){Name}
24 \end{pspicture}

```

20-Pin DIP IC

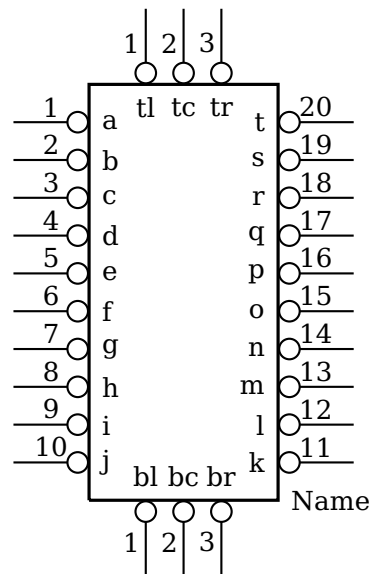


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,7)
2   \logicic[nicpins=20,%
3     pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
4     pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
5     pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
6     invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
7     pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
8     pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
9     pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
10    invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
11    pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
12    pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
13    pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabeled=k,pinllabel=l,%
14    pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
15    pinqlabel=q,pinrlabel=r,pinslabel=s,pintlabeled=t,%
16    pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
17    pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
18    pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
19    pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16,%
20    pinqnumber=17,pinrnumber=18,pinsnumber=19,pintnumber=20]%
21   (0,0){Name}
22 \end{pspicture}

```

20-Pin DIP IC all inverted

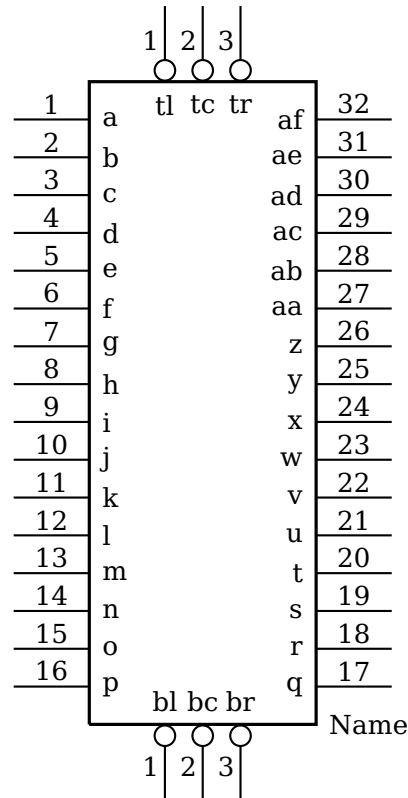


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(5,7)
2   \logicic[nicpins=20,%
3     pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
4     pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
5     pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
6     invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
7     pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
8     pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
9     pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
10    invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
11    pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
12    pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabeled=h,%
13    pinilabel=i,pinjlabeled=j,pinklabel=k,pinllabel=l,%
14    pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
15    pinqlabel=q,pinrlabel=r,pinslabel=s,pintlabeled=t,%
16    pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
17    pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
18    pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
19    pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16,%
20    pinqnumber=17,pinrnumber=18,pinsnumber=19,pintnumber=20,%
21    invertpina=true,invertpinb=true,invertpinc=true,invertpind=true,%
22    invertpine=true,invertpinf=true,invertping=true,invertpinh=true,%
23    invertpini=true,invertpinj=true,invertpink=true,invertpinl=true,%
24    invertpinm=true,invertpinn=true,invertpino=true,invertpinp=true,%
25    invertpinq=true,invertpinr=true,invertpins=true,invertpint=true]%
26   (0,0){Name}
27 \end{pspicture}

```

32-Pin DIP IC

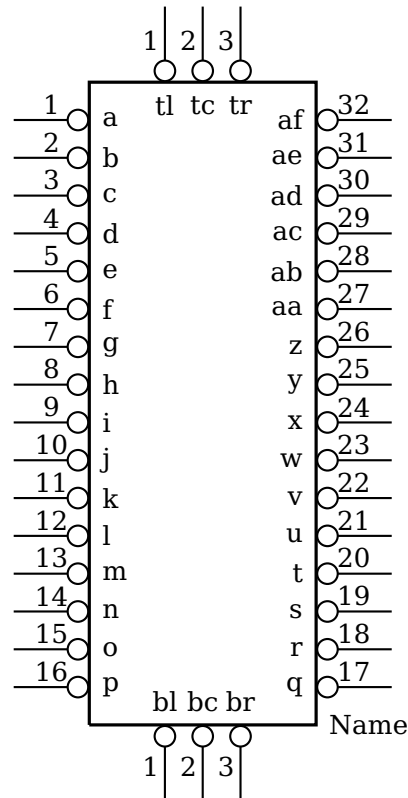


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(6,9.5)
2 \logicic[nicpins=32, pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,
3   pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
4   invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,
5   pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
6   pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
7   invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
8   pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
9   pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabel=h,%
10  pinilabel=i,pinjlabel=j,pinklabeled=k,pinllabel=l,%
11  pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
12  pinqlabel=q,pinrlabel=r,pinslabel=s,pintllabel=t,%
13  pinulabel=u,pinvlabel=v,pinwlabel=w,pinxlabel=x,%
14  pinylabel=y,pinzlabel=z,pinaalabel=aa,pinablabel=ab,%
15  pinaclabel=ac,pinadlabel=ad,pinaelabel=ae,pinaflabel=af,%
16  pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
17  pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
18  pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
19  pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16,%
20  pinqnumber=17,pinrnumber=18,pinsnumber=19,pintnumber=20,%
21  pinunumber=21,pinvnumber=22,pinwnumber=23,pinxnumber=24,%
22  pinynumber=25,pinznumber=26,pinaanumber=27,pinabnumber=28,%
23  pinacnumber=29,pinadnumber=30,pinaenumber=31,pinafnumber=32](0,0){Name}
24 \end{pspicture}

```

32-Pin DIP IC all inverted



```

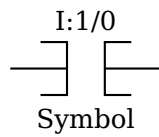
1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-2)(6,9.5)
2   \logicic[nicpins=32,%
3     pintl=true,pintllabel=tl,pintlnumber=1,%
4     pintc=true,pintclabel=tc,pintcnumber=2,%
5     pintr=true,pintrlabel=tr,pintrnumber=3,%
6     invertpintl=true,invertpintc=true,invertpintr=true,%
7     pinbl=true,pinbllabel=bl,pinblnumber=1,%
8     pinbc=true,pinbclabel=bc,pinbcnumber=2,%
9     pinbr=true,pinbrlabel=br,pinbrnumber=3,%
10    invertpinbl=true,invertpinbc=true,invertpinbr=true,%
11    pinalabel=a,pinblabel=b,pinclabel=c,pindlabel=d,%
12    pinelabel=e,pinflabel=f,pinglabel=g,pinhlabeled=h,%
13    pinilabel=i,pinjlabeled=j,pinklabeled=k,pinllabel=l,%
14    pinmlabel=m,pinnlabel=n,pinolabel=o,pinplabel=p,%
15    pinqlabel=q,pinrlabel=r,pinslabel=s,pintlabeled=t,%
16    pinulabel=u,pinvlabel=v,pinwlabel=w,pinxlabel=x,%
17    pinylabeled=y,pinzlabel=z,pinaalabel=aa,pinablabeled=ab,%
18    pinaclabel=ac,pinadlabel=ad,pinaelabel=ae,pinaflabel=af,%
19    pinanumber=1,pinbnumber=2,pincnumber=3,pindnumber=4,%
20    pinenumber=5,pinfnumber=6,pingnumber=7,pinhnumber=8,
21    pininumber=9,pinjnumber=10,pinknumber=11,pinlnumber=12,%
22    pinmnumber=13,pinnnumber=14,pinonumber=15,pinpnumber=16,%
23    pinqnumber=17,pinrnumber=18,pinsnumber=19,pintnumber=20,%
24    pinunumber=21,pinvnumber=22,pinwnumber=23,pinxnumber=24,%
25    pinynumber=25,pinznumber=26,pinaanumber=27,pinabnumber=28,%

```

```
26 pinacnumber=29,pinadnumber=30,pinaenumber=31,pinafnumber=32,%  
27 invertpina=true,invertpinb=true,invertpinc=true,invertpind=true,%  
28 invertpine=true,invertpinf=true,invertping=true,invertpinh=true,%  
29 invertpini=true,invertpinj=true,invertpink=true,invertpinl=true,%  
30 invertpinm=true,invertpinn=true,invertpino=true,invertpinp=true,%  
31 invertpinq=true,invertpinr=true,invertpins=true,invertpint=true,%  
32 invertpinu=true,invertpinv=true,invertpinw=true,invertpinx=true,%  
33 invertpiny=true,invertpinz=true,invertpinaa=true,invertpinab=true,%  
34 invertpinac=true,invertpinad=true,invertpinae=true,invertpinaf=true]%  
35 (0,0){Name}  
36 \end{pspicture}
```


5 Relay Ladder Logic

XIC

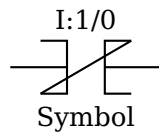


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
2   \xic[plcaddress=I:1/0,
3     plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)
4 \end{pspicture}

```

XIO

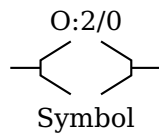


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
2   \xio[plcaddress=I:1/0,
3     plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)
4 \end{pspicture}

```

OTE

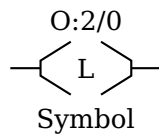


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
2   \ote[plcaddress=O:2/0,
3     plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)
4 \end{pspicture}

```

OTL

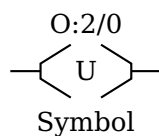


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
2   \ote[latch=true,
3     plcaddress=O:2/0,
4     plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)
5 \end{pspicture}

```

OTE

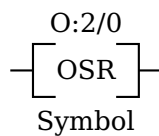


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
2   \ote[unlatch=true,
3     plcaddress=O:2/0,
4     plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)
5 \end{pspicture}

```

OSR

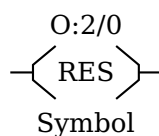


```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
2   \osr[plcaddress=O:2/0,
3     plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)
4 \end{pspicture}

```

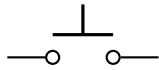
RES



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
2   \res[plcaddress=O:2/0,
3     plcsymbol=Symbol](0,0)
4 \end{pspicture}

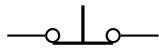
```

Switch PB NO

```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
2   \swpb(0,0)
3 \end{pspicture}

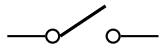
```

Switch PB NC

```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
2   \swpb[contactclosed=true](0,0)
3 \end{pspicture}

```

Switch TOGGLE NO

```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
2   \swtog(0,0)
3 \end{pspicture}

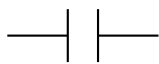
```

Switch PB NC

```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
2   \swtog[contactclosed=true](0,0)
3 \end{pspicture}

```

Contact NO

```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
2   \contact(0,0)
3 \end{pspicture}

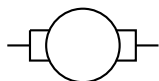
```

Contact NC

```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
2   \contact[contactclosed=true](0,0)
3 \end{pspicture}

```

Motor Armature

```

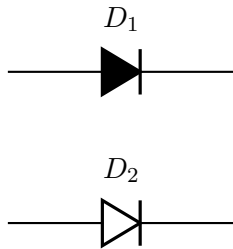
1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(1,1)
2   \armature(0,0)
3 \end{pspicture}

```

6 Modified default symbols

6.1 Dipole

New Diode

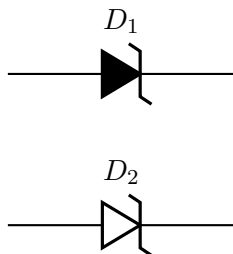


```

1 \begin{pspicture}[showgrid=false](3,4)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \pnode(0,3){C}
5   \pnode(3,3){D}
6   \newdiode(C)(D){$D_1$}
7   \newdiode[ison=false](A)(B){$D_2$}
8 \end{pspicture}

```

New Zener

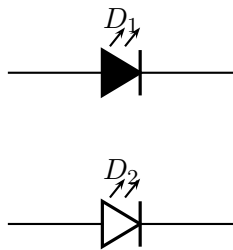


```

1 \begin{pspicture}[showgrid=false](3,4)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \pnode(0,3){C}
5   \pnode(3,3){D}
6   \newZener(C)(D){$D_1$}
7   \newZener[ison=false](A)(B){$D_2$}
8 \end{pspicture}

```

New LED

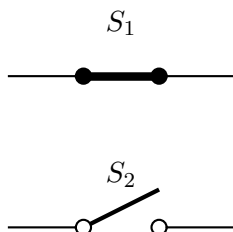


```

1 \begin{pspicture}[showgrid=false](3,4)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \pnode(0,3){C}
5   \pnode(3,3){D}
6   \newLED(C)(D){$D_1$}
7   \newLED[ison=false](A)(B){$D_2$}
8 \end{pspicture}

```

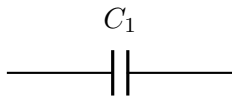
New Ideal Switch



```

1 \begin{pspicture}[showgrid=false](3,4)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \pnode(0,3){C}
5   \pnode(3,3){D}
6   \newSwitch(C)(D){$S_1$}
7   \newSwitch[ison=false](A)(B){$S_2$}
8 \end{pspicture}

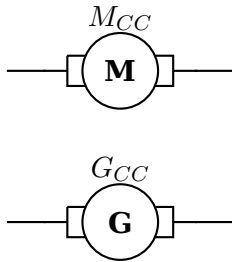
```

New Capacitor

```

1 \begin{pspicture}[showgrid=false](3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \newcapacitor(A)(B){$C_1$}
5 \end{pspicture}

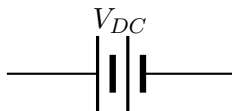
```

New Armature (motor or generator)

```

1 \begin{pspicture}[showgrid=false](3,4)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \pnode(0,3){C}
5   \pnode(3,3){D}
6   \newarmature[labelInside=1](C)(D){$M_{CC}$}
7   \newarmature[labelInside=2](A)(B){$G_{CC}$}
8 \end{pspicture}

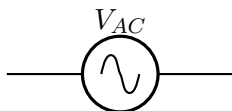
```

V DC

```

1 \begin{pspicture}[showgrid=false](3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \vdc(A)(B){$V_{DC}$}
5 \end{pspicture}

```

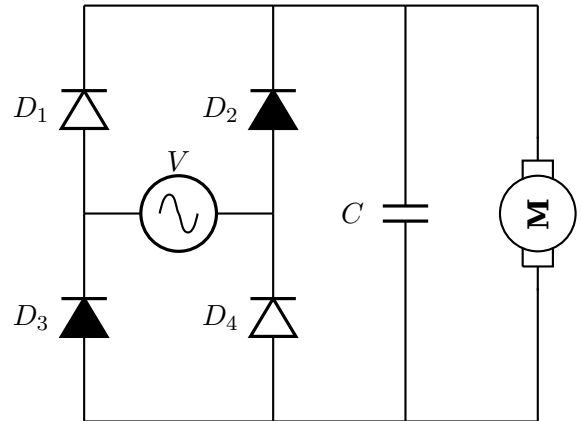
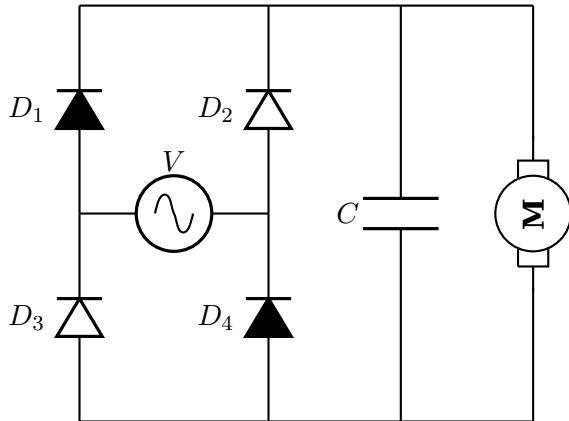
V AC

```

1 \begin{pspicture}[showgrid=false](3,2)
2   \pnode(0,1){A}
3   \pnode(3,1){B}
4   \vac(A)(B){$V_{AC}$}
5 \end{pspicture}

```

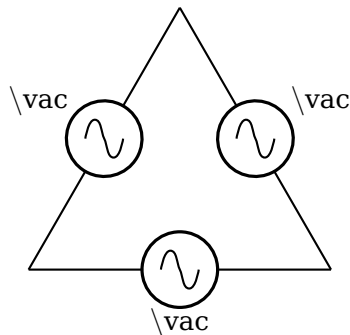
6.2 Examples



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(0,0)(15,6)
2   \pnode(0.5,0){A} \pnode(0.5,2.75){B} \pnode(0.5,5.5){C}
3   \pnode(3,0){D} \pnode(3,2.75){E} \pnode(3,5.5){F}
4   \pnode(4.75,0){G} \pnode(4.75,5.50){H}
5   \pnode(6.5,0){I} \pnode(6.5,5.5){J}
6   \vac(B)(E){$V$}
7   \newdiode(B)(C){$D_1$}
8   \newdiode[ison=false](E)(F){$D_2$}
9   \newdiode[ison=false](A)(B){$D_3$}
10  \newdiode(D)(E){$D_4$}
11  \capacitor(G)(H){$C$}
12  \newarmature[labelInside=1](I)(J){}
13  \wire(C)(F) \wire(A)(D) \wire(D)(G) \wire(I)(G) \wire(F)(H) \wire(H)(J)
14
15  \pnode(9,0){K} \pnode(9,2.75){L} \pnode(9,5.5){M}
16  \pnode(11.5,0){N} \pnode(11.5,2.75){O}
17  \pnode(11.5,5.5){P}
18  \pnode(13.25,0){Q} \pnode(13.25,5.5){R}
19  \pnode(15,0){S} \pnode(15,5.5){T}
20  \vac(L)(O){$V$}
21  \newdiode[ison=false](L)(M){$D_1$}
22  \newdiode(O)(P){$D_2$}
23  \newdiode(K)(L){$D_3$}
24  \newdiode[ison=false](N)(O){$D_4$}
25  \newcapacitor(Q)(R){$C$}
26  \newarmature[labelInside=1](S)(T){}
27  \wire(M)(P) \wire(K)(N) \wire(N)(Q) \wire(S)(Q) \wire(P)(R) \wire(R)(T)
28 \end{pspicture}

```



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(-1,-1)(4,4)
2   \vac[labeloffset=-0.7](0,0)(4,0){$\backslash$vac}
3   \vac[labeloffset=1](0,0)(2,3.464){$\backslash$vac}
4   \vac[labeloffset=1](2,3.464)(4,0){$\backslash$vac}
5 \end{pspicture}

```

7 Adding new components

Adding new components is not simple unless you need only a simple dipole. For dipoles a macro is provided that generates all helping macros for a new component so that you need to write only the actual drawing code.

If you want to add a new dipole component, you only need the following code:

```

1 \newCircDipole{ComponentName}%
2 \def\pst@draw@ComponentName{%
3   % The PSTricks code for your component
4   % The center of the component is at (0,0)
5   \pnode(component_left_end,0){dipole@1}
6   \pnode(component_right_end,0){dipole@2}}

```

This code can be placed in the core code or somewhere in the respective document in which case it must be surrounded by `\makeatletter... \makeatother`.

If your new dipole should also work with `\multidipole` then you have to make some changes in the `\multidipole` core code. In the definition of `\pst@multidipole`, look for the last `\ifx` test

```

1 % ...
2 % Extract from \pst@multidipole
3 \else\ifx\OpenDipol #4\let\pscirc@next\pst@multidipole@OpenDipol% 27
4 \else\ifx\OpenTripol #4\let\pscirc@next\pst@multidipole@OpenTripol% 28
5 \else % Put your modification here
6 \else\let\pscirc@next\ignorespaces
7 \fi\fi\fi
8 % Extract form \pst@multidipole
9 % ...

```

and add (marked with %%)

```

1 % ...
2 % Extract from \pst@multidipole
3 \else\ifx\OpenDipol #4\let\pscirc@next\pst@multidipole@OpenDipol% 27
4 \else\ifx\OpenTripol #4\let\pscirc@next\pst@multidipole@OpenTripol% 28
5 \else\ifx\ComponentName#4\let\next\pst@multidipole@ComponentName%%
6 \else\let\pscirc@next\ignorespaces
7 \fi\fi\fi
8 % Extract form \pst@multidipole
9 % ...

```

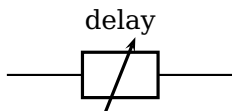
Do the same in `\pst@multidipole@`

```

1 % ...
2 % Extract from \pst@multidipole@
3 \else\ifx\OpenDipol#1\let\pscirc@next\pst@multidipole@OpenDipol% 27
4 \else\ifx\OpenTripol#1\let\pscirc@next\pst@multidipole@OpenTripol% 28
5 \else\ifx\ComponentName#1\let\next\pst@multidipole@ComponentName%%
6 \else\let\pscirc@next\ignorespaces\pst@multidipole@output
7 \fi\fi\fi
8 % Extract form \pst@multidipole@
9 % ...

```

and that's it! All you have to do then is send your modified `pst-circ.tex` to me and it will become part of the official release of `pst-circ`.



```

1 \begin{pspicture}(3,2)
2 \newCircDipole{delayline}
3 \makeatletter
4 \def\pst@draw@delayline{%
5 \psset{linewidth=1.5\pslinewidth}%
6 \psframe(-0.5,-0.3)(0.5,0.3)
7 \psline[arrows=->](-0.2,-0.5)(0.2,0.5)
8 \pnode(-0.5,0){dipole@1}
9 \pnode(0.5,0){dipole@2}}%
10 \makeatother
11 \pnode(0,1){A}\pnode(3,1){B}
12 \delayline(A)(B){delay}
13 \end{pspicture}

```

8 List of all optional arguments for pst-circ

Note: the default for booleans is always false.

Key	Type	Default
intensity	boolean	true
intensitylabel	ordinary	
intensitylabelcolor	ordinary	black
intensitylabeloffset	ordinary	0.5
intensitycolor	ordinary	black
intensitywidth	ordinary	\pslinewidth
tension	boolean	true
tensionlabel	ordinary	
tensionlabelcolor	ordinary	black
tensionoffset	ordinary	1
tensionlabeloffset	ordinary	1.2
tensioncolor	ordinary	black
tensionwidth	ordinary	\pslinewidth
labeloffset	ordinary	0.7
labelangle	ordinary	0
labelInside	ordinary	0
dipoleconvention	ordinary	receptor
directconvention	boolean	true
dipolestyle	ordinary	normal
parallel	ordinary	true
parallelarm	ordinary	1.5
parallelsep	ordinary	0
parallelnode	ordinary	true
intersect	boolean	true
intersectA	ordinary	[none]
intersectB	ordinary	[none]
OAperfect	boolean	true
OApower	boolean	true
OAinvert	boolean	true
OAiplus	boolean	true
OAIMinus	boolean	true
OAIout	boolean	true
OAIpluslabel	ordinary	
OAIMinuslabel	ordinary	
OAIoutlabel	ordinary	
transistorcircle	boolean	true
transistorinvert	boolean	true
transistoribase	boolean	true
transistoricollector	boolean	true
transistoriemitter	boolean	true

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Continued from previous page

Key	Type	Default
transistoribaselabel	ordinary	
transistoricollectorlabel	ordinary	
transistoriemitterlabel	ordinary	
FETchanneltype	ordinary	[none]
FETmemory	boolean	true
transistortype	ordinary	NPN
basesep	ordinary	0
TRot	ordinary	0
circedge	ordinary	\pcangle
primarylabel	ordinary	
secondarylabel	ordinary	
transformeriprimary	ordinary	true
transformerisecondary	ordinary	true
transformeriprimarylabel	ordinary	
transformerisecondarylabel	ordinary	
tripolestyle	ordinary	normal
variable	boolean	true
logicChangeLR	boolean	true
logicShowDot	boolean	true
logicShowNode	boolean	true
logicWidth	ordinary	1.5
logicHeight	ordinary	2.5
logicType	ordinary	and
logicNInput	ordinary	2
logicJInput	ordinary	2
logicKInput	ordinary	2
logicWireLength	ordinary	0.5
logicLabelstyle	ordinary	\small
logicSymbolstyle	ordinary	\large
logicSymbolpos	ordinary	0.5
logicNodestyle	ordinary	\footnotesize
ninputs	choice	2
ninputs	choice	[none]
segmentdisplay	choice	10
segmentdisplay	choice	[none]
nicpins	choice	8
nicpins	choice	[none]
bubblesize	choice	0.15
bubblesize	choice	[none]
segmentcolor	ordinary	black
inputalabel	ordinary	
inputlabel	ordinary	
inputclabel	ordinary	

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Key	Type	Default
inputenlabel	ordinary	
inputccllabel	ordinary	
outputalabel	ordinary	
outputblabel	ordinary	
outputclabel	ordinary	
pinalabel	ordinary	
pinanumber	ordinary	
pinblabel	ordinary	
pinbnumber	ordinary	
pinclabel	ordinary	
pincnumber	ordinary	
pindlabel	ordinary	
pindnumber	ordinary	
pinelabel	ordinary	
pinenumber	ordinary	
pinflabel	ordinary	
pinfnumber	ordinary	
pinglabel	ordinary	
pingnumber	ordinary	
pinhlabel	ordinary	
pinhnumber	ordinary	
pinilabel	ordinary	
pininumber	ordinary	
pinjlabel	ordinary	
pinjnumber	ordinary	
pinklabel	ordinary	
pinknumber	ordinary	
pinllabel	ordinary	
pinlnumber	ordinary	
pinmlabel	ordinary	
pinmnumber	ordinary	
pinnlablel	ordinary	
pinnnnumber	ordinary	
pinolabel	ordinary	
pinonumber	ordinary	
pinplabel	ordinary	
pinpnumber	ordinary	
pinqlabel	ordinary	
pinqnumber	ordinary	
pinrlabel	ordinary	
pinrnumber	ordinary	
pinslabel	ordinary	
pinsnumber	ordinary	

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Key	Type	Default
pintlabeled	ordinary	
pintnumber	ordinary	
pinulabeled	ordinary	
pinunumber	ordinary	
pinvlabeled	ordinary	
pinvnumber	ordinary	
pinwlabeled	ordinary	
pinwnumber	ordinary	
pinxlabeled	ordinary	
pinxnumber	ordinary	
pinylabeled	ordinary	
pinynumber	ordinary	
pinzlabeled	ordinary	
pinznumber	ordinary	
pinaalabeled	ordinary	
pinaanumber	ordinary	
pinablabeled	ordinary	
pinabnumber	ordinary	
pinacalabeled	ordinary	
pinacnumber	ordinary	
pinadlabeled	ordinary	
pinadnumber	ordinary	
pinaelabeled	ordinary	
pinaenumber	ordinary	
pinafalabeled	ordinary	
pinafnumber	ordinary	
pinralabeled	ordinary	
pinranumber	ordinary	
pinrbalabeled	ordinary	
pinrbnumber	ordinary	
pinrcalabeled	ordinary	
pinrcnumber	ordinary	
pinrdlabeled	ordinary	
pinrdnumber	ordinary	
pinrelabeled	ordinary	
pinrenumber	ordinary	
pinrflabeled	ordinary	
pinrfnumber	ordinary	
pinrglabeled	ordinary	
pinrgnumber	ordinary	
pinrhlabel	ordinary	
pinrhnumber	ordinary	
pinrilabeled	ordinary	

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Continued from previous page

Key	Type	Default
pinrinumber	ordinary	
pinrjlabel	ordinary	
pinrjnumber	ordinary	
pinrklabel	ordinary	
pinrknumber	ordinary	
pinrllabel	ordinary	
pinrlnumber	ordinary	
pinrmlabel	ordinary	
pinrmnumber	ordinary	
pinrnlabel	ordinary	
pinrnnumber	ordinary	
pinrolabel	ordinary	
pinronumber	ordinary	
pinrplabel	ordinary	
pinrpnumber	ordinary	
pinlalabel	ordinary	
pinlanumber	ordinary	
pinlblabel	ordinary	
pinlbnumber	ordinary	
pinlclabel	ordinary	
pinlcnumber	ordinary	
pinldlabel	ordinary	
pinldnumber	ordinary	
pinlelabel	ordinary	
pinlenumber	ordinary	
pinlflabel	ordinary	
pinlfnumber	ordinary	
pinlglabel	ordinary	
pinlgnumber	ordinary	
pinlhlabel	ordinary	
pinlhnumber	ordinary	
pinlilabel	ordinary	
pinlinumber	ordinary	
pinljlabel	ordinary	
pinljnumber	ordinary	
pinlklabel	ordinary	
pinlknumber	ordinary	
pinlllabel	ordinary	
pinllnumber	ordinary	
pinlmlabel	ordinary	
pinlmnumber	ordinary	
pinlnlabel	ordinary	
pinlnnumber	ordinary	

Continued on next page

Continued from previous page

Key	Type	Default
pinlodelabel	ordinary	
pinlonumber	ordinary	
pinlplabel	ordinary	
pinlpnumber	ordinary	
pintlodelabel	ordinary	
pintlnumber	ordinary	
pintclabel	ordinary	
pintcnumber	ordinary	
pintrlabel	ordinary	
pintrnumber	ordinary	
pinbllabel	ordinary	
pinblnumber	ordinary	
pinbclabel	ordinary	
pinbcnumber	ordinary	
pinbrlabel	ordinary	
pinbrnumber	ordinary	
pintalabel	ordinary	
pintanumber	ordinary	
pintblabel	ordinary	
pintbnumber	ordinary	
pintclabel	ordinary	
pintcnumber	ordinary	
pintdlabel	ordinary	
pintdnumber	ordinary	
pintelabel	ordinary	
pintenumber	ordinary	
pinbalabel	ordinary	
pinbanumber	ordinary	
pinbblabel	ordinary	
pinbbnumber	ordinary	
pinbclabel	ordinary	
pinbcnumber	ordinary	
pinbdlabel	ordinary	
pinbdnumber	ordinary	
pinbelabel	ordinary	
pinbenumber	ordinary	
plcaddress	ordinary	
plcsymbol	ordinary	
iec	ordinary	false
iecinvert	ordinary	false
input	ordinary	true
invertinput	ordinary	false
inputa	ordinary	true

Continued on next page

Continued from previous page

Key	Type	Default
invertinputa	ordinary	false
inputb	ordinary	true
invertinputb	ordinary	false
inputc	ordinary	true
invertinputc	ordinary	false
inputd	ordinary	true
invertinputd	ordinary	false
enable	ordinary	false
invertenable	ordinary	false
clock	ordinary	false
invertclock	ordinary	false
set	ordinary	false
invertset	ordinary	false
reset	ordinary	false
invertreset	ordinary	false
output	ordinary	true
invertoutput	ordinary	false
outputa	ordinary	true
invertoutputa	ordinary	false
outputb	ordinary	true
invertoutputb	ordinary	true
segmentlabels	ordinary	true
pina	ordinary	true
invertpina	ordinary	false
pinb	ordinary	true
invertpinb	ordinary	false
pinc	ordinary	true
invertpinc	ordinary	false
pind	ordinary	true
invertpind	ordinary	false
pine	ordinary	true
invertpine	ordinary	false
pinf	ordinary	true
invertpinf	ordinary	false
ping	ordinary	true
invertping	ordinary	false
pinh	ordinary	true
invertpinh	ordinary	false
pini	ordinary	true
invertpini	ordinary	false
pinj	ordinary	true
invertpinj	ordinary	false
pink	ordinary	true

Continued on next page

Continued from previous page

Key	Type	Default
invertpink	ordinary	false
pinl	ordinary	true
invertpinl	ordinary	false
pinm	ordinary	true
invertpinm	ordinary	false
pinn	ordinary	true
invertpinn	ordinary	false
pino	ordinary	true
invertpino	ordinary	false
pinp	ordinary	true
invertpinp	ordinary	false
pinq	ordinary	true
invertpinq	ordinary	false
pinr	ordinary	true
invertpinr	ordinary	false
pins	ordinary	true
invertpins	ordinary	false
pint	ordinary	true
invertpint	ordinary	false
pinu	ordinary	true
invertpinu	ordinary	false
pinv	ordinary	true
invertpinv	ordinary	false
pinw	ordinary	true
invertpinw	ordinary	false
pinx	ordinary	true
invertpinx	ordinary	false
pinz	ordinary	true
invertpinz	ordinary	false
pinaa	ordinary	true
invertpinaa	ordinary	false
pinab	ordinary	true
invertpinab	ordinary	false
pinac	ordinary	true
invertpinac	ordinary	false
pinad	ordinary	true
invertpinad	ordinary	false
pinae	ordinary	true
invertpinae	ordinary	false
pinaf	ordinary	true
invertpinaf	ordinary	false

Continued on next page

Continued from previous page

Key	Type	Default
pinla	ordinary	true
invertpinla	ordinary	false
pinlb	ordinary	true
invertpinlb	ordinary	false
pinlc	ordinary	true
invertpinlc	ordinary	false
pinld	ordinary	true
invertpinld	ordinary	false
pinle	ordinary	true
invertpinle	ordinary	false
pinlf	ordinary	true
invertpinlf	ordinary	false
pinlg	ordinary	true
invertpinlg	ordinary	false
pinlh	ordinary	true
invertpinlh	ordinary	false
pinli	ordinary	true
invertpinli	ordinary	false
pinlj	ordinary	true
invertpinlj	ordinary	false
pinlk	ordinary	true
invertpinlk	ordinary	false
pinll	ordinary	true
invertpinll	ordinary	false
pinlm	ordinary	true
invertpinlm	ordinary	false
pinln	ordinary	true
invertpinln	ordinary	false
pinlo	ordinary	true
invertpinlo	ordinary	false
pinlp	ordinary	true
invertpinlp	ordinary	false
pinra	ordinary	true
invertpinra	ordinary	false
pinrb	ordinary	true
invertpinrb	ordinary	false
pinrc	ordinary	true
invertpinrc	ordinary	false
pinrd	ordinary	true
invertpinrd	ordinary	false
pinre	ordinary	true
invertpinre	ordinary	false
pinrf	ordinary	true

Continued on next page

Continued from previous page

Key	Type	Default
invertpinrf	ordinary	false
pinrg	ordinary	true
invertpinrg	ordinary	false
pinrh	ordinary	true
invertpinrh	ordinary	false
pinri	ordinary	true
invertpinri	ordinary	false
pinrj	ordinary	true
invertpinrj	ordinary	false
pinrk	ordinary	true
invertpinrk	ordinary	false
pinrl	ordinary	true
invertpinrl	ordinary	false
pinrm	ordinary	true
invertpinrm	ordinary	false
pinrn	ordinary	true
invertpinrn	ordinary	false
pinro	ordinary	true
invertpinro	ordinary	false
pinrp	ordinary	true
invertpinrp	ordinary	false
pintl	ordinary	false
invertpintl	ordinary	false
pintc	ordinary	false
invertpintc	ordinary	false
pintr	ordinary	false
invertpintr	ordinary	false
pinbl	ordinary	false
invertpinbl	ordinary	false
pinbc	ordinary	false
invertpinbc	ordinary	false
pinbr	ordinary	false
invertpinbr	ordinary	false
pinta	ordinary	false
invertpinta	ordinary	false
pintb	ordinary	false
invertpintb	ordinary	false
pintc	ordinary	false
invertpintc	ordinary	false
pintd	ordinary	false
invertpintd	ordinary	false
pinte	ordinary	false
invertpinte	ordinary	false

Continued on next page

Continued from previous page

Key	Type	Default
pinba	ordinary	false
invertpinba	ordinary	false
pinbb	ordinary	false
invertpinbb	ordinary	false
pinbc	ordinary	false
invertpinbc	ordinary	false
pinbd	ordinary	false
invertpinbd	ordinary	false
pinbe	ordinary	false
invertpinbe	ordinary	false
dpleft	ordinary	false
dpright	ordinary	true
latch	ordinary	false
unlatch	ordinary	false
contactclosed	ordinary	false
polarized	ordinary	false
ison	ordinary	true
inputarrow	boolean	true
programmable	boolean	true
connectingdot	boolean	true
groundstyle	ordinary	ads
antennastyle	ordinary	two
output	ordinary	top
L0style	ordinary	
dipoleinput	ordinary	left
value	ordinary	0
tripoleinput	ordinary	left
tripoleconfig	ordinary	left
couplerstyle	ordinary	hxbrid
quadripoleinput	ordinary	left

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Index

:U, 11, 18, 19

ads, 33

and, 42, 43

antennastyle, 34

\Arrestor, 6

arrows, 12

arrows, 7

bandpass, 35

basesep, 7, 8, 13

\battery, 4, 17

bottom, 34, 38

bubblesize, 52, 53

\caoacitor, 9

\capacitor, 4, 15–17

chemical, 15

\circledipole, 5, 31

circulator, 38

clock, 53

\coil, 4, 16, 17

Collector, 8

\contact, 53

contactclosed, 53

couplerstyle, 39

crystal, 16, 34

curved, 16

D, 48

\diode, 5, 9, 16, 17

dipoleconvention, 12

dipoleinput, 35–37

dipolestyle, 15–18, 35, 36

directconvention, 12

directional, 39

divider, 36

elektor, 16, 17

elektorchemical, 16

elektorcurved, 16

Emitter, 8

enable, 53

exnor, 47

exor, 46, 47

FET, 20

FETchannel, 20

FETmemory, 20

File

 pst-circ.tex, 79

\filter, 35

french, 18

generator, 12

\ground, 10

groundstyle, 33

GT0, 17

highpass, 35

hybrid, 39

\ICC, 15

\Icc, 4

iec, 52

iecinvert, 52

\ifx, 78

input, 52

inputa, 52

inputalabel, 53

inputarrow, 34–39

inputb, 53

inputblabel, 53

intensity, 12

intensitycolor, 13

intensitylabel, 12, 13

intensitylabelcolor, 13

intensitylabeloffset, 12

intensitywidth, 13

invertclock, 53

invertenable, 53

invertinput, 52

invertinputa, 52

invertinputb, 53

invertoutput, 52

invertreset, 53

invertset, 53

isolator, 38

JK, 48

Keyvalue

- ads, 33
- and, 42
- bandpass, 35
- bottom, 34, 38
- circulator, 38
- crystal, 34
- directional, 39
- divider, 36
- generator, 12
- highpass, 35
- hybrid, 39
- isolator, 38
- left, 34–39
- lowpass, 35
- multiplier, 36
- N, 36
- old, 33
- receptor, 12
- right, 34–39
- three, 34
- top, 34, 38
- triangle, 33, 34
- two, 34

Keyword

- antennastyle, 34
- arrows, 7
- basesep, 7, 8, 13
- bubblesize, 52, 53
- clock, 53
- contactclosed, 53
- couplerstyle, 39
- dipoleconvention, 12
- dipoleinput, 35–37
- dipolestyle, 15–18, 35, 36
- directconvention, 12
- enable, 53
- FETchannel, 20
- FETmemory, 20
- groundstyle, 33
- iec, 52
- iecinvert, 52
- input, 52
- inputa, 52

- inputalabel, 53
- inputarrow, 34–39
- inputb, 53
- inputlabel, 53
- intensity, 12
- intensitycolor, 13
- intensitylabel, 12, 13
- intensitylabelcolor, 13
- intensitylabeloffset, 12
- intensitywidth, 13
- invertclock, 53
- invertenable, 53
- invertinput, 52
- invertinputa, 52
- invertinputb, 53
- invertoutput, 52
- invertreset, 53
- invertset, 53
- labelangle, 11, 18, 19
- labelInside, 11
- labeloffset, 5, 11, 19
- latch, 53
- logicChangeLR, 42–48
- logicHeight, 42–47
- logicJInput, 42, 48
- logicKInput, 42, 48
- logicLabelstyle, 42
- logicNInput, 42–47
- logicNodestyle, 42
- logicShowDot, 42, 48
- logicShowNode, 42–48
- logicSymbolpos, 42
- logicSymbolstyle, 42
- logicType, 42–48
- logicWidth, 42–47
- logicWireLength, 42, 49
- L0style, 34
- nicpins, 53
- ninputs, 52
- nodesep, 8
- OAminuslabel, 13
- OAinvert, 19
- OAioutlabel, 13
- OApluslabel, 13
- OAperfect, 19

- 0Apower, 6
 - output, 34
 - parallel, 13, 14
 - plcaddress, 53
 - plcsymbol, 53
 - primarylabel, 11
 - programmable, 36
 - quadripoleinput, 39
 - reset, 53
 - secondarylabel, 11
 - set, 53
 - tension, 12
 - tensioncolor, 13
 - tensionlabel, 12, 13
 - tensionlabelcolor, 13
 - tensionlabeloffset, 12
 - tensionoffset, 12
 - tensionwidth, 13
 - transformeriprimarylabel, 13
 - transformerisecondarylabel, 13
 - transistoribaselabel, 13
 - transistoricollectorlabel, 13
 - transistoriemitter, 8
 - transistoriemitterlabel, 13
 - transistorinvert, 8
 - transistortype, 7, 8, 20
 - tripoleconfig, 38
 - tripoleinput, 38, 39
 - tripolestyle, 18, 38
 - TRot, 7
 - unit, 49
 - unlatch, 53
 - value, 36
 - variable, 17
 - zigzag, 18
- labelangle, 11, 18, 19
- labelInside, 11
- labeloffset, 5, 11, 19
- \lamp, 5
- latch, 53
- \LED, 5
- left, 18, 34–39
- \logic, 42
- \logicand, 52
- logicChangeLR, 42–48
- \logicff, 52
- logicHeight, 42–47
- \logicic, 53
- logicJInput, 42, 48
- logicKInput, 42, 48
- logicLabelstyle, 42
- logicNInput, 42–47
- logicNodestyle, 42
- \logicnot, 52
- \logicor, 52
- logicShowDot, 42, 48
- logicShowNode, 42–48
- logicSymbolpos, 42
- logicSymbolstyle, 42
- logicType, 42–48
- logicWidth, 42–47
- logicWireLength, 42, 49
- \logicxor, 52
- L0style, 34
- lowpass, 35
- Macro
- \Arrestor, 6
 - \battery, 4, 17
 - \caoacitor, 9
 - \capacitor, 4, 15–17
 - \circledipole, 5, 31
 - \coil, 4, 16, 17
 - \contact, 53
 - \diode, 5, 9, 16, 17
 - \filter, 35
 - \ground, 10
 - \ICC, 15
 - \Icc, 4
 - \ifx, 78
 - \lamp, 5
 - \LED, 5
 - \logic, 42
 - \logicand, 52
 - \logicff, 52
 - \logicic, 53
 - \logicnot, 52
 - \logicor, 52
 - \logicxor, 52
 - \multidipole, 9, 10, 14, 15, 33, 78
 - \ncangle, 6

\NewDiode, 75
\NewLED, 75
\NewSwitch, 75
\NewZener, 75
\OA, 6, 18, 19
\OpenDipol, 10
\OpenTripol, 10
\optoCoupler, 9
\osr, 53
\ote, 53
\pcline, 33
\potentiometer, 8, 18, 19
\quadripole, 9
\RelayNOP, 6
\res, 53
\resistor, 4, 9, 15, 17
\resitor, 11
\RFLine, 4, 76
\Suppressor, 6
\switch, 5
\swpb, 53
\swtog, 53
\tension, 10
\transformer, 9, 11, 18
\transistor, 7, 20
\Tswitch, 8, 18
\Ucc, 4
\wire, 10
\xic, 53
\xio, 53
\Zener, 5
\multidipole, 9, 10, 14, 15, 33, 78
multido, 3
multiplier, 36

N, 36
nand, 43
\ncangle, 6
\NewDiode, 75
\NewLED, 75
\NewSwitch, 75
\NewZener, 75
nicpins, 53
ninputs, 52
nodesep, 8
nor, 45

not, 45

\OA, 6, 18, 19
OAminuslabel, 13
OAinvert, 19
OAioutlabel, 13
OApluslabel, 13
OAperfect, 19
OApower, 6
old, 33
\OpenDipol, 10
\OpenTripol, 10
\optoCoupler, 9
or, 44
\osr, 53
\ote, 53
output, 34

P, 20
Package
 multido, 3
 pst-circ, 3, 6, 49, 79
 pst-node, 3
 pst-xkey, 3
 pstricks, 3
parallel, 13, 14
\pcline, 33
plcaddress, 53
plcsymbol, 53
PNP, 7, 8
\potentiometer, 8, 18, 19
primarylabel, 11
programmable, 36
pst-circ, 3, 6, 49, 79
pst-circ.tex, 79
pst-node, 3
pst-xkey, 3
pstricks, 3

\quadripole, 9
quadripoleinput, 39
quadropole, 13

receptor, 12
rectangle, 16, 18
\RelayNOP, 6
\res, 53

- reset, 53
- \resistor, 4, 9, 15, 17
- \resistor, 11
- \RFLine, 4, 76
- right, 18, 34–39
- RS, 47
- schottky, 17
- secondarylabel, 11
- set, 53
- \Suppressor, 6
- \switch, 5
- \swpb, 53
- \swtog, 53
- Syntax
 - Collector, 8
 - Emitter, 8
- \tension, 10
- tension, 12
- tensioncolor, 13
- tensionlabel, 12, 13
- tensionlabelcolor, 13
- tensionlabeloffset, 12
- tensionoffset, 12
- tensionwidth, 13
- three, 34
- thyristor, 16
- top, 34, 38
- \transformer, 9, 11, 18
- transformerprimarylabel, 13
- transformersecondarylabel, 13
- \transistor, 7, 20
- transistoribaselabel, 13
- transistorcollectorlabel, 13
- transistoriemitter, 8
- transistoriemitterlabel, 13
- transistorinvert, 8
- transistortype, 7, 8, 20
- triac, 17
- triangle, 33, 34
- tripole, 6, 13
- tripoleconfig, 38
- tripoleinput, 38, 39
- tripolestyle, 18, 38
- TRot, 7
- \Tswitch, 8, 18
- two, 34
- twoCircles, 15
- \Ucc, 4
- unit, 49
- unlatch, 53
- Value
 - :U, 11, 18, 19
 - and, 43
 - chemical, 15
 - crystal, 16
 - curved, 16
 - D, 48
 - elektor, 16, 17
 - elektorchemical, 16
 - elektorcurved, 16
 - exnor, 47
 - exor, 46, 47
 - FET, 20
 - french, 18
 - generator, 12
 - GT0, 17
 - highpass, 35
 - JK, 48
 - left, 18
 - nand, 43
 - nor, 45
 - not, 45
 - or, 44
 - P, 20
 - PNP, 7, 8
 - rectangle, 16, 18
 - right, 18
 - RS, 47
 - schottky, 17
 - thyristor, 16
 - triac, 17
 - twoCircles, 15
 - varistor, 15
 - zigzag, 15, 18
- value, 36
- variable, 17
- varistor, 15
- \wire, 10

\xic, 53

\xio, 53

\Zener, 5

zigzag, 15, 18